THE COLUMBIAN

COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, STAR OF THE NORTH AND COLUMBIAN CONSOLIDATED.

Issued weekly, every Friday morning, at BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.

At TWO DOLLARS per year, payable in advance, or during the year. After the expiration of the year, $2.50 will be charged. To subscribers out of the county the terms are $2 per year strictly in advance—$2.25 if not paid in advance and $2.50 if payment be delayed beyond the year.

No paper discontinued, except at the option of the Publisher, until all arrearages are paid, but long continued credits after the expiration of the first year will not be given.

All papers sent out of the State, or to distant post offices, must be paid for in advance, unless a responsible person in Columbia county assumes to pay the subscription due on demand.

POSTAGE is no longer exacted from subscribers in the county.

JOB PRINTING.

The Jobbing Department of the COLUMBIAN is very complete, and our Job Printing will compare favorably with that of the large cities. All work done on demand, neatly and at moderate prices.

The Columbian.

C. R. BROCKWAY, G. E. ELWELL, } Editors and Proprietors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, APRIL 14, 1876.

THE COLUMBIAN, VOL. X, NO. 15
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, VOL. XLI, NO. 9

RATES OF ADVERTISING

One inch, (twelve lines or its equivalent in Nonpareil type) one or two insertions, $1.50; three insertions, $2.00.

SPACE.	1w.	2w.	1m.	6m.	1y
One inch	$2.50	$3.00	$4.00	$6.00	$10.00
Two inches	3.50	5.00	7.00	9.00	15.00
Three inches	5.00	7.00	9.00	12.00	18.00
Four inches	7.00	9.00	11.00	17.00	25.00
Quarter column	10.00	12.00	14.00	20.00	30.00
Half column	18.00	18.00	20.00	30.00	60.00
One column	30.00	36.00	40.00	60.00	100.00

Yearly advertisements payable quarterly. Transient advertisements must be paid before inserted except where parties have accounts.

Legal advertisements two dollars per inch for three insertions, and at that rate for additional insertion without reference to length.

Executor's, Administrator's and Auditor's Notices three dollars.

Transient or Local notices, twenty cents a line, regular advertisements half rates.

Cards in the "Business Directory" column, one dollar per year for each line.

Columbia County Official Directory.

President Judge—William Elwell.
Associate Judges—Iram Derr, George Scott.
Prothonotary, &c.—B. Frank Zarr.
Court Stenographer—S. N. Walker.
Register & Recorder—Williamson H. Jacoby.
District Attorney—John M. Clark.
Sheriff—Michael Grover.
Surveyor—Isaac Dewitt.
Treasurer—Dr. H. W. McReynolds.
Commissioners—John Herner, S. W. McHenry, Joseph Sands.
Commissioners' Clerk—William Krickbaum.
Auditors—M. V. B. Kline, J. B. Casey, E. B. Brown.
Coroner—Charles G. Murphy.
Jury Commissioners—Jacob H. Fritz, William H. Utt.
County Superintendent—William H. Snyder.
Bloom Poor District—Directors—O. P. Ent, Scott, Wm. Kramer, Bloomsburg and Thomas Creveling, Scott. O. P. Ent, Secretary.

Bloomsburg Official Directory.

Burgess—Dr. A. L. Turner.
Bloomsburg Banking Company—John A. Funston, President; H. H. Groz, Cashier.
First National Bank—Charles H. Paxton, President; J. P. Tustin, Cashier.
Columbia County Mutual Saving Fund and Loan Association—E. H. Little, President, C. W. Miller, Secretary.
Bloomsburg Building and Saving Fund Association—Wm. Peacock, President; J. B. Robison, Secretary.
Bloomsburg Mutual Saving Fund Association—J. J. Brower, President; C. G. Barkley, Secretary.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

BAPTIST CHURCH.

Rev. J. P. Tustin, (Supply.)
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6¾ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 6¾ o'clock.
Seats free. The public are invited to attend.

ST. MATTHEW'S LUTHERAN CHURCH.

Minister—Rev. J. McCron.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6¾ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 6¾ o'clock.
Seats free. No pews rented. All are welcome.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Minister—Rev. Stuart Mitchell.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6¾ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 6¾ o'clock.
Seats free. No pews rented. Strangers welcome.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

Presiding Elder—Rev. N. S. Buckingham.
Minister—Rev. J. H. McGarrah.
Sunday Services—10½ and 6¾ p. m.
Sunday School—2 p. m.
Bible Class—Every Monday evening at 6¾ o'clock.
Young Men's Prayer Meeting—Every Tuesday evening at 6¾ o'clock.
General Prayer Meeting—Every Thursday evening 7 o'clock.

REFORMED CHURCH.

Corner of Third and Iron streets.
Pastor—Rev. T. F. Hoffmeier.
Residence—East street, opp. Third street.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 7 p. m.
Sunday School—3 p. m.
Prayer Meeting—Saturday, 7 p. m.
All are invited. There is always room.
Services every Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock at Beller's church, Madison township.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.

Rector—Rev. John Hewitt.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m., 6¾ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
First Sunday in the month, Holy Communion.
Services preparatory to Communion on Friday evening before the 1st Sunday in each month.
Pews rented; but everybody welcome.
Persons desiring to consult the Rector on religious matters will find him at the parsonage on Rock Street.

EVANGELICAL CHURCH.

Presiding Elder—Rev. A. L. Reeser.
Minister—Rev. J. A. Irvine.
Sunday Service—3 p. m., in the Iron Street Church.
Prayer Meeting—Every Sabbath at 2 p. m.
All are invited. All are welcome.

THE CHURCH OF CHRIST.

Meet in the Opera House every Lord's day, at 2 p. m. and 6¾ p. m.
Regular Meeting of the Church for worship, 3 p. m.
Sunday evening Lecture, by E. E. Orvis, 6¾ p. m.
The public are cordially invited to attend.
Seats free.

BLOOMSBURG DIRECTORY.

SCHOOL ORDERS, blank, just printed and neatly bound in small books, on hand and for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office. Feb. 19, 1875-tf

BLANK DEEDS, on Parchment and Linen Paper, common and for Administrators, Executors and trustees, for sale cheap at the COLUMBIAN Office.

MARRIAGE CERTIFICATES just printed and for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office. Ministers of the Gospel and Justices should supply themselves with these necessary articles.

JUSTICES and Constables' Fee-Bills for sale at the COLUMBIAN office. They contain the corrected fees as established by the last Act of the Legislature upon the subject. Every Justice and Constable should have one.

VENDUE NOTES just printed and for sale cheap at the COLUMBIAN office.

MERCHANTS AND GROCERS.

H. C. HOWER, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Main street, above Court House.

S. H. MILLER & SON, dealers in Dry Goods, groceries, queensware, flour, nail, shoes, notions, etc., Main street.

J. H. MAIZE, Mammoth Grocery, fine Groceries, Fruits, Nuts, Provisions, &c., Main and Centre streets.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

HENRY KLEIM, Manufacturer and dealer in boots and shoes, groceries, etc., Main st., East Bloomsburg.

E. M. KNORR, Dealer in Boots and Shoes, latest and best styles, corner Main and Market streets, in the old post office.

CLOCKS, WATCHES, &C.

C. E. SAVAGE, Dealer in Clocks, Watches and Jewelry, Main st., just below the Central Hotel.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

E. R. IKELER, Attorney at Law, Rooms in Exchange Block, 2d floor, Bloomsburg, Pa. 68

C. G. BARKLEY, Attorney-at-Law. Office in Brower's building, 2nd story, Rooms 4 & 5. Oct. 15, '75.

DR. WM. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician. Office S. E. corner Rock and Market streets.

J. R. EVANS, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, north side of Main street, above J. S. Jaycox.

J. B. McELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, north side Main street, below Market.

J. B. ROBISON, Attorney-at-Law. Office in Hartman's building, Main street.

SAMUEL JACOBY, Marble and Brown Stone Works, East Bloomsburg, Berwick road.

H. ROSENSTOCK, Photographer, over Clark & Wolf's store, Main street.

DR. H. C. HOWER, Surgeon Dentist, Main st., above the Court House.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DAVID LOWENBERG, Merchant Tailor Main St., above Central Hotel.

I. S. KUHN, dealer in Meat, Tallow, etc., Centre street, between Second and Third.

THOMAS WEBB, Confectionery and Bakery, wholesale and retail, Exchange Block.

G. W. CORELL, Furniture Rooms, three-story brick, Main street, west of Market st.

ORANGEVILLE DIRECTORY.

A. B. HERRING, Carpenter and builder Main street below Pine.

BUCK HORN.

M. G. & W. H. SHOEMAKER, Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries and General Merchandise.

CATAWISSA.

WM. H. ABBOTT, Attorney-at-Law, Main street.

B. F. DALLMAN, Merchant Tailor, Second street, Robbins' building.

WM. L. EYERLY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Catawissa, Pa.

Collections promptly made and remitted. Office opposite Catawissa Deposit Bank. 6m-38

NOTICE.

From this date the Bloomsburg Gas Company will put in service pipes at first cost and furnish and set meters at four dollars each.

The company have on hand a lot of gas tar suited for painting roofs, and posts or other timbers placed under ground.

Price to cents per gallon or $2.50 per barrel.
&c. 15,'75. C. W. MILLER, Sect.

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. A. L. TURNER,

Residence on Market Street one door below D. J. Waller's.

Office over Klein's Drug Store. Office hours from 1 to 4 P. m. for treatment of diseases of the Eye, Ear and Throat.

All calls night or day promptly attended to.
Apr. 23'75-tf

DR. J. C. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
Office, North Market street,
Mar. 27, 74-y Bloomsburg, Pa.

DR. B. F. GARDNER,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office above J. Schuyler & Son's Hardware Store.
Apr. 23'75-tf

SAMUEL KNORR,
ATTORNEY-A-T-LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office, Hartman's Block, corner Main and Market Streets Oct. 8, '75

E. E. ORVIS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
OFFICE—Room No. 1, "Columbian" Building.
Sept. 18, 1875.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office in Brower's building, second floor, room No. 1, Bloomsburg, Pa. july1,'73—y

C. E. & W. J. BUCKALEW,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office on Main Street, first door below Court House
Mar. 6, 74—y

R. F. & J. M. CLARK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office in Ent's Building. April 10,'74—y

A. CREVELING SMITH. HERVEY EWING SMITH.

A. CREVELING SMITH & SON,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
☞All business entrusted to our care will recieve prompt attention. july1,'73—y

E. H. LITTLE. ROB'T. E. LITTLE.

E. H. & R. R. LITTLE,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
☞Business before the U. S. Patent Office attended to. Office in the Columbian Building. 1y—38

BROCKWAY & ELWELL,
ATTORNEYS-A-T-LAW,
COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Members of the United States Law Association. Collections made in any part of America.
Agents for continental Life Insurance Company of New York. Assets nearly $7,000,000. The best in the country. Send for descriptive pamphlet. tf

WILLIAM BRYSON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Centralia, Pa.
Feb 18, 76-1y.

HARMAN & HASSERT.

FOUNDERS, MACHINISTS,
AND
IRON-SMITHS.

East Street, below Rail Road,
BLOOMSBUG, PA.

We respectfully call public attention to the following facts that: They manufacture first class

MINE CAR WHEELS AND AXLES

and all kinds of Coal Breaker Castings. They also make all kinds of Car, Machine, Bridge and other castings used by contractors generally. They also manufacture

HEATING AND COOK STOVES,

and are prepared to furnish all kinds of repairs, such as Grates, Lids, Fire Brick, Stretchers, &c. They keep constantly on hand

PLOWS AND PLOW POINTS.

Large Iron Kettles, Farmers' Bells, Sled Soles, Wagon Boxes, Cellar Grates, &c. They are also prepared to furnish

Saw and Grist Mill Machinery,

Shafting, Pulley's, &c. They pay special attention to

Repairing Threshing Machines

Reapers, &c.

The Proprietors are both practical mechanics. Try them.
Dec. 3, 1875-3m

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN PATENTS.

GILMORE & CO., successors to Chipman, Hosmer & Co., Solicitors. Patents procured in all countries. NO FEES IN ADVANCE. No charge unless the patent is granted. No fees for making preliminary examinations. No additional fees for obtaining and conducting a rehearing. By a recent decision of the Commissioner ALL rejected applications may be revived. Special attention given to Interference cases before the Patent office, extensions before Congress, infringement suits in different States, and all litigation appertaining to inventions or patents. Send stamp to Gilmore & Co. for pamphlet of sixty pages.

LAND CASES, LAND WARRANTS AND SCRIP.

Contested land cases prosecuted before the U. S. General Land Office and Department of the Interior. Private land claims, mining and pre-emption claims, and homestead cases attended to. Land scrip in 40, 80 and 160 acre pieces for sale. This scrip is assignable, and can be located in the name of the purchaser upon any government land subject to private entry, at $1 25 per acre. It is of equal value with bounty land Warrants. Send stamp to Gilmore & Co. for pamphlet of instructions.

ARREARS OF PAY AND BOUNTY.

Officers, soldiers and sailors of the late war, or their heirs, are in many cases entitled to money from the government of which they have no knowledge. Write full history of service, and state amount of pay and bounty received. Enclose stamp to Gilmore & Co., and a full reply, after examination, will be given you free.

PENSIONS.

All officers, soldiers and sailors wounded, ruptured or injured in the late war, however slightly, can obtain a pension by addressing Gilmore & Co.

Cases prosecuted by Gilmore & Co. before the supreme court of the United States, the court of claims, and the southern claims commission.

Each department of our business is conducted in a separate bureau, under charge of the same experienced parties employed by the old firm. Prompt attention to all business entrusted to GILMORE & CO. is thus secured. We desire to win success by deserving it. Address,

GILMORE & CO.,
629 F street, Washington, D. C.
Jan 21,'76-tf.

FREAS BROWN'S INSURANCE AGENCY, Exchange Hotel, Bloomsburg, Pa.

	Capital.
Aetna, Ins Co., of Hartford, Connecticut	4,500,000
Liverpool, London and Globe	20,000,000
Royal of Liverpool	13,000,000
Lancashire	10,000,000
Fire Association, Philadelphia	3,000,000
American of Philadelphia	3,000,000
Atlas of Hartford	500,000
Wyoming, of Wilkes Barre	221,000
Farmers Mutual of Danville	1,000,000
Danville Mutual	75,000
Home, New York	5,000,000
Commercial Union	17,000,000
	$178,968,000

March 26,'77—y

VULCAN IRON WORKS,

DANVILLE, MONTOUR COUNTY, PA.

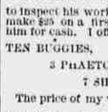
WILLIAM H. LAW, Manufacturer of Wrought Iron Bridges, Boilers, Gasholder, Fireproof Buildings, Wrought Iron Roofing, Roofing Frames, Flooring and Doors, Farm Gates and Fencing, also Wrought Iron Piping, Stacks and all kinds of Smith Work, &c. Repairs promptly attended to

N. B.—Drawings and Estimates supplied.
Oct. 8, 1875—tf

BLOOMSBURG TANNERY.

G. A. HERRING

RESPECTFULLY announces to the public that he has reopened



SNYDER'S TANNERY,

(old stand) Bloomsburg, Pa., at the Forks of the Espy and Light Street roads, where all descriptions of leather will be made in the most substantial and workmanlike manner, and sold at prices to suit the times. The highest price in cash will at all times be paid for

GREEN HIDES

of every description in the country. The public patronage is respectfully solicited.
Bloomsburg, Oct. 1, 1875-

CARRIAGE

MANUFACTORY

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

M. C. SLOAN & BROTHER

HAVE on hand and for sale at the most reasonable rates a splendid stock of

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES,

and every description of Wagons both PLAIN and FANCY,

Warranted to be made of the best and most durable materials, and by the most experienced workmen. All work sent out from the establishment will be found to be of the highest class and sure to give perfect satisfaction. They have also a fine assortment of

SLEIGHS

of all the newest and most fashionable styles well and carefully made and of the best material.

An inspection of their work is asked as it is believed that none superior can be found in the country.
Oct. 8, 1875—tf.

WANTED,

1,000 GOOD MEN
to call at
CROSSLEY'S CARRIAGE SHOP

to inspect his work, and he will guarantee you can make $20 on a first class Top Buggy if you buy of him for cash. I offer for sale at cost,

TEN BUGGIES,
3 PHAETONS,
7 SHIFTING TOP & OPEN BUGGIES

The price of my wagons is as follows:

3 Phaetons, Sarvent pat. wheels, gum top, one for $175, cost.
2 Piano box, portable top, pat. wheels, gum top, one for $175, cost.
5 Piano box, open, patent wheels, steel tire, one for $125, cost.
3 Platform spring wagons, patent wheels, 2 seats, one for $165, cost.

As I am closing out my business the offer I make will stand till the first of July. All work warranted to stand, and are made of good material.
A. S. CROSSLEY.
March 31—3m.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BROWN'S HOTEL, Bloomsburg, Pa., B Stohner, Proprietor. Accommodations first-class. $1.25 to $1.50 per day. Restaurant attached. October 8, '75-tf

C. M. BROWN,
Dealer in
BOOTS AND SHOES. TOWANDA Boots a specialty. Repairing done at short notice. Under Brown's Hotel, Bloomsburg. Oct. 8, '75-1y

CENTRAL HOTEL,
A FIRST-CLASS HOUSE,
Oct. 8, '75 1y JOHN LAYCOCK, Prop'r.

NEW SALOON AND RESTAURANT. The undersigned has opened a first-class Eating House in the Exchange Block, formerly occupied by B. Stohner, where his customers will find every thing in his line.
Feb 18-2m. MILTON CHARLES.

C. M. DRINKER, GUN and LOCKSMITH. Sewing Machines and Machinery of all kinds repaired. OPERA HOUSE Building, Bloomsburg, Pa. Oct 1, '75 1y

EXCHANGE HOTEL,

Opposite the Court House,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

The LARGEST and BEST in all respects in the county

Oct. 8, '75-1y W. B. KOONS, Proprietor.

DENTISTRY.

H. C. HOWER, DENTIST,

Respectfully offers his professional services to the ladies and gentlemen of Bloomsburg and vicinity. He is prepared to attend to all the various operations in the line of his profession, and is provided with the latest improved PORCELAIN TEETH, which will be inserted on gold plating, silver and rubber base to look as well as the natural teeth. Teeth extracted by all the new and most approved methods, and all operations on the teeth carefully and properly attended to.

Office a few doors above the Court House, same side. Oct, 8 '75

E. J. THORNTON would announce to the citizens of Bloomsburg and vicinity that he has just received a full and complete assortment of

WALL PAPER, WINDOW SHADES,
FIXTURES, CORDS, TASSELS,

and all other goods in his line of business. All the newest and most approved patterns of the day are always to be found in his establishment, Main street, below Market. Oct. 8, '75

NOTICE.

The Philadelphia & Reading R. R. Co.

Hereby give notice that on or before the first of May next,

They will open a Passenger Station in Fairmount Park, upon the line of the Junction Railroad, in close proximity to Memorial Hall and other principal buildings of the

CENTENNIAL INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION,

And that regular passenger and excursion trains will thereafter be run between the new station and the various points upon their several railway lines.

The attention of citizens of Philadelphia looking for summer residences, and of strangers desiring to secure houses or lodging in the vicinity of Philadelphia during the period of the EXHIBITION, is called to the fact that, from nearly all places upon the railroads of the Company within twenty or thirty miles of the city, passengers will be able to reach the Exhibition without change of cars in as short a time as it will require to make the trip by horse cars from many points in the city.

SPECIAL EXCURSION TRAINS WILL BE RUN FOR THE ACCOMMODATION OF SCHOOLS, SOCIETIES OR OTHER ASSOCIATIONS.

For information apply to C. G. Hancock, General Ticket Agent, No. 227 South Fourth Street, Philadelphia, and to the several local superintendents, and to the undersigned.

J. E. WOOTEN,
General Superintendent.
READING, March 7th, 1876.-8w.

WOOD PUMPS

Blatchley's Standard Cucumber and Graduated Cylinder Pumps, with copper linings, old and new styles, and all valuable improvements. Manufacturing facilities greatly increased; stock and assortment LARGE, prices SMALL. Visitors, Dealers and the Trade especially, are cordially invited, when in town to see the big Exhibition, to call and see us or send for catalogue, with prices and terms.

C. G. BLATCHLEY, Manuf'r, 506 Commerce St., Phila.
March 31—6m.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $1 free. STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine. March 24, 76-1y.

Poetical.

RAPHAEL'S "VISION OF A KNIGHT.

The sword is fallen from his hand,
To drowsiness his senses yield,
Beneath the slender laurel tree
The knight is sleeping on his shield.

The quiet landscape breathes repose,
And like a dream the shadows fall;
There's silence in the sunlight soft
That slants across the castle wall.

The distant mountains stand on guard,
Below the sluggish river sweeps,
And not an idle zephyr stirs
The laurel while the soldier sleeps.

There close beside the drooping head
A silent, waiting figure stands,
With thoughtful face and downcast eyes
A book and sword are in her hands.

While near him on the other side
There waits another form more fair,
Her dazzling garments decked with gems,
And shining jewels in her hair.

A flower, the type of worldly joy,
She reaches but with one fair hand,
While through the dreamer's vision float
The odors of enchanted land.

Still at his side the other waits
And with her calm and steadfast look,
That seems to pierce the future dim,
She reaches out the sword and book.

No symbol of a life of ease,
No pleasure offers she the youth,
But asks of him the single aim—
A life-long battle for the truth.

And though we can no farther trace
The vision of the dreaming knight,
There's something in his earnest face
That tells us he will choose aright.

Original.

History of Columbia County.

Copyright secured according to act of Congress.

NUMBER XIV.

IMPROVEMENTS AND PRODUCTIONS.

The public roads of the County are numerous, and new ones are constantly being opened, making access to all parts of the County possible by the shortest routes. They are generally in good condition, well supplied with index boards, and the bridges over the various streams safe and plentiful.

The North Branch Canal passes through the County. Since the sale of the canals, that portion of them running from Northumberland to Wilkes-Barre, 64 miles in length, has come into the ownership of the "Pennsylvania Canal Company." During the year 1869 the following tonnage passed through the canal.

Lumber and shingles,	417,546 tons
Anthracite coal	502,138 "
Bituminous coal	11,305 "
All other freight	168,486 "

In 1874 the freightage and tonnage are given as follows:

Anthracite coal	234,019.25 tons
Bituminous coal	408,971.84 "
Pig iron	14,249.76 "
Other articles	124,117.80 "

The capital stock of the company is five millions of dollars, and the whole length of canal owned by it is 338 miles. The officers are all Philadelphians, except Thomas F. Wierman, the chief engineer, who resides in Harrisburg. In this County William Grier Quick, of Rupert, and Hudson Owen, of Berwick, are the active, vigilant and competent local superintendents.

The Catawissa Railroad runs from Tamanend to Williamsport, 94 miles; having depots in Columbia county as follows; Rupert, Catawissa, Mainville, Beaver Valley, Girard Manor, and others. It is now under lease to the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad Company, and no separate statistics are published.

Expenses for 1868, $446,789.79; receipts, $625,131.66; freights, 454,801 tons.

The Danville, Hazleton & Wilkes-Barre Railroad, now under lease to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, runs from Sunbury to Tomhickon; and in Columbia county on the east side of the river having a depot at Catawissa, Mainville, Mifflin & Roads and Glen City. It is 40 miles in length, and is a new and important outlet for coal and produce heretofore mostly inaccessible.

The Lackawanna & Bloomsburg Railroad, from Scranton to Northumberland, on the west side of the river, is 80 miles in length, and has depots in Columbia county at Berwick, Willow Springs, Lime Ridge, Espy, Bloomsburg, Rupert and Catawissa Bridge. Passengers carried in 1869, 253,828. Tonnage for year, 1,688,437, of which 1,448,791 was anthracite coal. The expenses were $896,298.59. Receipts, $966,832.52. It is now owned by the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad Company, and statistics are not separately published. Those for 1869 are sufficient for comparison.

The North and West Branch Railroad, a most important one in this region, has been authorized by act of Assembly approved May 13, 1871; empowering the company "to construct a railroad from the borough of Wilkes-Barre in the county of Luzerne, along the south side of the North Branch of the Susquehanna river, to a point opposite the town of Bloomsburg, in the county of Columbia, and thence by a bridge over said river and by the valley of Little Fishingcreek to the city of Williamsport, by the name, style and title of the NORTH AND WEST BRANCH RAILROAD COMPANY, with power to construct a branch from near the town of Bloomsburg up the valley of Big Fishingcreek to connect with any existing or projected railroad in Sullivan county, with the right to connect with or cross at grade any railroad now made or hereafter to be made within the counties of Luzerne, Columbia, Montour, Sullivan or Lycoming, and with the right to build branches not exceeding ten miles each in length."

Hunlock's Creek is another projected road, "from near the mouth of Hunlock's creek in the county of Luzerne, through the township of Huntingdon to the borough of Muncy in Lycoming county; by the name, style and title of the Hunlock's Creek and Muncy Railroad Company, with the right to connect with the Philadelphia & Erie, the Lackawanna & Bloomsburg, or any other railroad now made or hereafter to be made within the counties of Luzerne and Lycoming, with the right to build branches not exceeding ten miles in length."

Several routes have been examined and surveyed, all of which go for a shorter or longer distance through the county of Columbia. It seems to us impossible to build the road without passing through Benton or Sugarloaf or both. Our people are therefore greatly interested in the construction of the road, which with the North and West Branch road will give to us a positive and permanent advantage in the coal, iron and lumber trade of this region of country.

The limestone trade of the County is very large. The railroads have transported nearly one hundred thousand tons, and a very large tonnage has been shipped on the canal, but the separate items of freight are not made up, so that the number of tons cannot be ascertained. The amount used in the manufacture of iron is given in the statistics of that trade; and there are no data for estimating the immense number of bushels of lime annually burned and delivered to farmers at the kilns.

It is impossible to tell what amount of coal may exist in Columbia county. Even in the region of Conyngham and Beaver it is only partially developed; and there are claimed to be abundant and satisfactory evidences of the existence of coal in the northern townships of the County; in Nob mountain and in the mountains of Sugarloaf. In this latter township it is claimed that there are large and rich deposits of iron ore, and if coal is also developed with the lumber thereabouts, there must shortly be a large access of wealth and population, increased and stimulated by the building of the railroads through there which have been mentioned under the proper heads. But the production of coal is so uncertain that it is hardly worth the while to make any statement about it. It is sufficient to say that as much as 400,000 tons has been mined in one year within the County. And the same may be said of the manufacture of pig iron; but which in any thing like a fair commercial year averages about 20,000 tons. For each ton of iron manufactured there is required 2.05 tons of coal, 3.25 tons of ore, and 1.59 tons of limestone.

Miscellaneous.

ALMOST TOO LATE.

BY EMMA M. JOHNSTON.

This is a simple story of simple folks and yet I find that the truest pathos and some of the most exquisite passages of feeling are found in the lives of a lowly class of people. At least, the human heart is the same the world over; as much loyalty and self-sacrifice may be found in a hovel as in a palace; while love—that oldest legend, that first song; that last and best wine—has the same absorbing interest, the same full diapasons and rich chords, and the same rich vintage flavor in some isolated cottage, as among the splendors of a royal mansion.

Hurst Tregerman was a fisherman. He was a giant of a man in size standing taller than the tallest man in the village. Nature had taken some pains with him. A royal nature looked out from his eyes, a child's innocence lay in the smile upon his lips. Every one loved and trusted Hurst; he was a little grave and silent, but then it was well to have him a contrast to his lively, noisy companions.

Many a village girl tremblingly hoped to find favor in the eyes of this man, but though tender and deferential to all women, he showed no signs of a deep, special interest in any one until he was forty years of age, when his romance came full upon him.

And a romance it was; a shipwreck one black night, left upon their shore the usual eloquent but strange array of broken timber household goods, mute little souvenirs and tokens of love, pride, ambition and vanity, and last of all, ghastly and staring upward, as though out of place, several dead bodies and a single one in which life held itself a doubtful tenant.

Eunice Ware was carried to Mary Tregerman's cottage, where, nursed and watched by those strong, loving woman, the fisherman's wives and daughters, she at last opened her eyes upon her new surroundings.

She had been governess in an English family, all of whom had been cruelly engulfed in the sea that had spared her. She was young and childlike in appearance, and as Mary Tregerman had never had a daughter, she immediately adopted this homeless stranger with the ready sanction of her son, Hurst.

After that, let it storm as it would, the sun never seemed darkened in the Tregerman cottage; there was a presence there which kept constant brightness and joy.

The young stranger adapted herself with perfect ease to her new life. To see her assisting Mary Tregerman about her household duties one would think she had been accustomed to such work all her life. She even learned to mend Hurst's nets, which was wonderful employment for such small, white fingers.

Long before he was conscious of it, Eunice Ware had completely wound herself about the fisherman's heart, and that without any manœuvre or coquettish art, for she was guileless and transparent as a child. But it was simply impossible to resist the charms of her looks and ways.

Hurst had a great struggle with himself before he could speak of his love to Eunice. He called himself a presumptuous fool even to think of her. He tried to avoid her presence, only to seek it again with more persistence than before. The little maid, with her lovely face and pretty foreign ways, filled the eye of this man until all the rest of the world was shut out.

When, at last, he spoke to her in his own simple earnest way, telling her she was the first and would be the last woman of his love, he was surprised to find that she did not scorn him, but that her heart had gone out naturally to him as its resting place.

There were none to consult, none to wait for, and so they were married in the old church, where for a whole generation the fishermen had worshipped God.

For six months there was neither shadow or interruption to their happiness, but at the end of that time, Satan as ever since Eve's fall, hated their innocence and joy, and stirred the young wife's heart to sudden momentary passion, as, the wind will ruffle a blue summer pool into wild, angry circles. One day there was a trifling difference of opinion between them, and then Eunice spoke an angry word which had no root to it, but which stung the ear of the man who heard it. It was one of those thoughtless speeches which are but from the lip out, but which, alas, do their dreadful mission before recalled. Eunice had said, in her wrath, that it would have been better had Hurst married one of his own class; and then there fell a great silence between them, while both suffered.

To do Hurst justice, he tried hard, after a time, to overcome this difficulty and made many advances to this poor little child wife and was at any moment only ready to forget all and take her to his arms; but she, woman-like, was indulging to the full in a fit of pettishness, and would not be won over.

While this state of affairs lasted, Hurst and some of his companions decided to go to sea on a fishing expedition.

Eunice heard the news with a sharp pang. Her husband was about to leave her on an always dangerous undertaking, and she was still angry. What if he should never return?

How perverse the human heart is! Now was the time to yield and exchange the word and kiss of peace. She knew it, and yet with that strong contradiction, which so often possesses us like an evil spirit, she would not bring herself to show the least sign of contrition. She attended to all the preparations for his departure with a strange precision and care, while all the time it would seem as though her heart would break, yet never once approached her husband with word or caress. The poor fellow hung about disconsolately until all was ready, hoping to the last.

But when the parting moment came, and Eunice mounted the stool as she always did to fasten his jack about his throat, being too diminutive in size to reach him in the usual way, there, were no jokes about her small stature, nor kisses for her loving service. Hurst saw that in her face which prevented any approach on his part, besides the recollection of that speech of hers was still present. He said to himself that it must be that he had been deceived; that she had never loved him and was now regretting her life. So as her hands dropped from their little office of buttoning his jacket he turned away with a sigh.

Silently he kissed his old mother, and silently left the cottage and strode off. And Eunice, wild with grief, love and remorse, fled to her room, and kneeling at the window saw, through blinding tears, the boats shove off, with the men cheering and the women waving their hands to the last. When there was no longer the single line of a vessel to be seen she threw herself upon the bed and gave way to a passion of sobs and tears.

Poor child her repentance was very bitter! "When he comes home, O when he comes home I will humble myself!" she said.

Then came the terrible thought that perhaps he might not return, that she might have no opportunity to weep out her repentance upon his breast. When she could bear her agony no longer she arose and went down to help Mary Tregerman about her household duties. Without a word the two women kissed each other before going about their tasks, for it was an understood feeling among the women of the village when their husbands and sons went out to sea that the sympathy between them was deepened, whether mute or expressed.

How that day passed Eunice could not tell. Some times when her heart seemed like to break she brought a low seat to her mother-in-law's side, and sitting upon it rested her head upon the elder woman's lap, now and then raising her sorrow-laden eyes to say, "You think he will come back mother?"

"I pray God he may return to us!" was the reply.

The fishermen had expected to return the latter part of the following day; but by the next morning the wind had changed and by afternoon a raging storm had swept the coast. Evening drew on, and though the rain had abated the wind was fearfully high, and the sea roared like a legion of wild beasts let loose.

Then began the terror of the women. From cottage to cottage they went in groups, consulting, discussing and weeping as they talked. Only Eunice was silent, and never wept. What right had she to tears? It seemed as though a stone had been rolled over the fountain of her tears, and that the water should never again gush forth, though all the while her heart beat wilder than the sea. But there had suddenly shaped in her mind the resolution to go out with some of the men who were about starting to the aid of Hurst and his party.

To think with Eunice was to act. The group were now assembled in Mary Tregerman's cottage, men and women, and among them Ben Holding, one of the oldest and most experienced seamen.

Trembling with excitement, her face as white as sea-foam, Eunice approached Ben. "Take me with you!" she implored the old man.

"Where, my child?"

"Out in your boat, Ben, to find my husband."

"Heaven help us, she is going mad! Here, will not some of you look after this poor little one?"

But she resisted the efforts of the women to draw her away, and clung to Ben. Leading him into a corner, and falling upon her knees before him, she caught his hand in hers and laid her cheek like some white blossom, in his hard horny palm. Kneeling there she told him her grief and the cause of it, and how she must set out to seek her husband and have his forgiveness, though they should both perish immediately afterwards.

The old man's mind went back to his early days, a chord was touched, he could not resist the poor young wife at his feet. He knew it was a wild undertaking, but he knew he could not say her nay.

"Well, God help you my child, if it must be so!" was Ben's answer as he arose to make ready.

When it was known that Eunice was to go with Ben to seek her husband, a perfect clamor broke forth.

"Ben you are crazy to think of it! That child in a storm that has made some of you men pale! I think we are all growing mad to hear to it!"

But Ben silenced them all. "The child has her sacred reasons," said he. "I'll not be the one to thwart her."

Mary Tregerman was bewildered. She had never known of the misunderstanding between Hurst and Eunice, or how they parted. And now she did not know what it all meant that Eunice should be starting out on that awful night to seek her husband on the sea.

"I love my man as well as a woman can," said a fisherman's wife, who was somewhat coarser in fibre than the others, "but he would not thank me to go out after him on a night like this."

But when Eunice came down in her blue cloak and hood, her face looking so small, her eyes so large, every woman present had but one feeling for her.

A mother who had buried a young daughter a short time before, suddenly caught Eunice to her heart in a rough but strong clasp of affection, and kissed and cried over her. It was like taking leave of the dead.

Then Mary Tregerman held her son's wife in close embrace, saying, "may God hear my prayer for my children!" And thus Eunice went out into the dark and storm.

Two boats went out, but Eunice went in Ben's; he would not trust her with another. While he managed his boat a strong young sailor lad held Eunice securely in her seat by putting one arm about her waist. And on they went, now plunging deep, as though into nethermost darkness, and again seemingly dashed up into the black abyss of sky, as some mountain wave took them on its pointed crest.

Eunice felt no fear but the one that she might not see her husband's face again. She was very quiet, she gave Ben no trouble, though every now and then he leaned toward her in the dark and touched her, as though for reassurance.

The wind and sea were at furious war with each other, and to row meant a th

The Columbian.

BROCKWAY & ELWELL, Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Friday, April 14, 1876.

WRITS OF ERROR.

On the 15th day of February 1870, the Legislature passed a bill "to allow writs of error in cases of murder and voluntary manslaughter." The bill had been vetoed by Gov. Geary, but was passed over his veto by both Houses by the requisite two thirds vote. The law provides that:

In all cases of murder in the first degree, removed into the Supreme Court under the provisions of the first section of this act, or now pending in the said court, it shall be the duty of the judges thereof to review both the law and the evidence, and to determine whether the ingredients necessary to constitute murder in the first degree shall have been proved to exist; and if not so proved then to reverse the judgment and send the same back for a new trial, or to enter such judgment as the laws of this commonwealth require.

Gov. Geary in vetoing this bill probably acted under the advice of his Attorney General, and that advice was good. The present Legislature would do well to repeal this law. There is no necessity for any such law and the objections to it are numerous and strong. It virtually makes the Supreme Court both judge and jury, and to that extent does away with the necessity for the latter in the lower courts; it imposes upon the already overworked Supreme Court an immense amount of new work; and it affords criminals a convenient method of postponing the sentence of the law.

The lower Courts are perfectly competent to dispose of this class of cases, subject only to the usual appeals to the Supreme Court from rulings and charges. The law as it stands is a stumbling block to justice and a rock of offence to the highest legal tribunal in the State, and it should be repealed. With the rapid increase of murders the Supreme Court bids fair to be turned into a Court of Oyer and Terminer—and if not of general jail delivery at least of general delay. There is not much danger that the poor slaughterers of their fellow beings will suffer too much if this law is done away with.

SCHENCK.

Robert C. Schenk, late Minister to England, has been testifying before the foreign relations Committee, relative to his connection with the Emma Mine swindle and has come off but badly. He thinks he is an ill used man and apparently endeavored to convince the Committee that he was a fool but not a knave. He admitted that for more than a year he held five hundred shares of the mine stock, for which he had not paid a cent, and received dividends of two per cent a month—twenty-four per cent a year—for part of that time and one and a half per cent a month—eighteen per cent a year—for the rest of the time. Schenck says he gave his note for the amount of the stock, but the absurdety of any mining company taking a promissory note for stock paying two per cent a month is too great for credence. It is difficult to imagine how much proof Mr. Schenck would deem necessary to make out a case against him, but the average human being would have no trouble in arriving at the conclusion that the stock was given and the dividends paid to Mr. Schenck for the use of his name as United States Minister to float a rotten stock on the English markets. Mr. Schenck has been perfectly successful in convincing the committee and the country that he is a fool, but not so successful in making it appear that he is not also a knave. When he admitted the holding of the stock, without giving an equivalent, and the acceptance of the dividends he virtually confessed all the charges against him. He stands before the people a disgraced man—a contempible fellow who used the high position he held as a cloak under which to defraud the people to whom he was sent as embassador and as a means to secure his ssfe retreat when threatened with arrest.

The New York *Times* says the Democrats may call this a victory if they like, but it is a victory which warrants the expectation that Connecticut may be counted among the Republicans States in November. This beats Mark Tapley. The Democrats elected their whole ticket with four parties in the field; haves majority on joint ballot in the Legislature of 89, against 34 last year and secured a United States Senator for the ensuing six years, and yet the *Times* "don't was happy," and thinks this overwhelming defeat "warrants the expectation" of a Republican victory next fall. If there was only one Republican in Connecticut the *Times* would cherish the hope that he would rally "hisself" and in solid phalanx and in serried column hurl "hisself" resistlessly against the Democratic ranks and elect "hisself" to all the offices in the State. It takes an organ to get comfort out of nothing—the old feat of extracting blood from a turnip is nothing to it.

Grant has been much abused for appointing inferior men to high positions, but he seems to have known the kind, after all, that the Senate would confirm. He broke through his usual rule, recently, and appointed Richard H. Dana Jr., a gentleman and a scholar, minister to England. Did the Senate confirm the appointment? Not much. That pure and high toned creature Ben Butler entered a protest, Cameron, Morton and the rest endorsed it and the senate rejected Mr. Dana. Grant was right and will likely enough send in the name of Babcock, Harrington, Boss Shepherd or one of the broken-down carpet-bag statesmen and the Senate will promptly confirm. Butler runs this government just now and we might as well understand it.

Still they come. S. B. Conover, United States Radical Senator from Florida, has been indicted by the grand jury for the embezzlement of over $40,000, and is held in $10,000 bail to appear at Court. Now let the organs raise a loud howl and a long howl and a howl altogether at the "rebel" element which has been insidiously worked into the grand juries of the South. Let Morton convert this fresh insult to the party of "loilty," and give us the concluding portions of that undelivered Mississippi speech.

Mr. Butler B. Strang, of Tioga, State Senator, is a Republican leader and has been so long in legislative harness that he is popularly supposed to know all the business pertaining to law making. He is an able man—at least he has that reputation—and a man of influence. Yet he is the one who introduced the resolution in the Senate not to take up any House bills after the 1st of April, and who is mainly responsible for its passage. Shrewd politician he may be—but not much of a statesman.

A BEAUTIFUL PARTY.

For years the newly enfranchised negroes have been ruling and ruining South Carolina. The whites and property owners were in the minority, and the once proud old State became the prey of carpet baggers. Plunder and corruption, as usual, followed Radical sway. But the rogues have fallen out, and there is a chance—a mere chance—for the redemption of the State. The Associated Press dispatch given below tells one of the many stories:

COLUMBIA, April 11.—This morning's session of the State Republican Convention was both turbulent and exciting. There are two distinct parties in that body; one of them led by Governor Chamberlain and consists of those who support his reform policy. The other party is led by United States Senator Patterson who has at his back Collector Worthington, of Charleston, Congressman Small, ex-Congressman Elliott and most of the Republicans who were conspicuous as rulers of the party before Gov. Chamberlain's election. Each of the two parties desired to control the convention as that would carry with it not only the selection of delegates to the national convention, but also probably the control of the State nominating convention to be held hereafter. The trial of strength took place upon the question whether the delegates whose seats were contested by other delegates should be allowed to take part in organizing the convention. Governor Chamberlain insisted that where any county sent two sets of delegates, all should be temporarily admitted or all excluded. The debate grew very hot. Judge Mackey, one of the delegates, denounced the anti-Chamberlain party as a band of robbers, and told ex-Congressman Elliot, who asked whom he meant, that he (Elliot) was the head and front of those robbers. Elliot drew a pistol and sought to get at Mackey, who awaited him. Desks and chairs were overthrown and the excited delegates gathered around Mackey and Elliott and dragged them apart. A chair was brandished over Governor Chamberlain's head by an opposition delegate. No blows passed, and when the convention had calmed down a little, the chairman, ex-Congressman Whitemore, ruled out the contesting delegates, all of whom were supporters of Chamberlain. Swalls, colored state senator, and Gov. Chamberlain were unanimously nominated for president pro tem., and the vote was 80 for Swails and 40 for Chamberlain. A committee on credentials, mainly made up of the anti-Chamberlain party, was appointed, and the convention adjourned to seven o'clock.

Washington, D. C. April 11.—A private dispatch from Columbia says the fourteen delegates to Cincinnati are instructed for Morton. The number is all that South Carolina is entitled to in the nominating convention.

Lanahan has a respite of one year. A local gives a graphic description of the reception of the news by the prisoner. If there was ever a wilful, premeditated and vindictive murder, the killing of Capt. Jack Riley was one. If ever there was evidence to convict a man of crime, Lanahan was fairly convicted of the murder of Riley. Whether, as has been suggested, it is because the widow of Riley is poor, or the murderer has powerful friends, does not matter, it seems likely to be further proof that there is no real justice to be found in the courts of this country. After a wonderful display of zeal in arresting and trying a man for a foul crime, and a conviction upon proof which the court and jury decided could leave no reasonable doubt of guilt, the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania decides that a year must elapse before it can judge whether there has been an honest conviction, and then interest will have died out, and the prison doors may be opened. There may be some mistake about the report, or the trial must have been a well acted farce, and a disgrace to Luzerne.—*Record of the Times.*

We have referred to this novel power given the Supreme Court in another column.

But there is a worse evil than this, and that is the ill-judged use made of the pardoning power. The object in creating a Board of Pardons was to check and not facilitate the escape of criminals. They are simply an advisory council, who are to judicially examine the grounds upon which the application is based, and the Governor cannot escape his sworn duty, by shifting the responsibility upon the Board.

The pardon of the Schuylkill Commissioners was an outrage upon the people and upon justice. It is a notice to all the rascally officials in the State that they can go on plundering the people, and even if detected and convicted they have a friend in our President-seeking Governor. Courts and juries may as well be abolished if the poor friendless criminal must suffer, and the influential and wealthy scoundrel can escape.

CHIRPY.

The Sunbury *American* in commenting on the Connecticut election says: "This result gives new vigor and brightens the prospects for the continued ascendency of the Republican party."

This is the most cheerful view we have seen taken of the situation. The *American* man is a good deal like the chap whose lottery ticket came so near drawing a prize that he felt sure another purchase would bring it.

The capture of this gallant little Commonwealth is a real cause for congratulation. As a matter of fact the Democrats were defeated there from 1855 to 1867. The Republicans were also successful in 1868—1869—1871 and 1872. In other words for 21 years the Democrats have carried the State but five times.

Nor can the result be belittled because the majority was only 3,626. Four tickets were in the field, and that is the majority *over all.* "Gov. Ingersoll had 3,626 votes above all others. Mr. Robinson had 11,488 below all others. This makes a difference of 15,114."

We are entirely willing that the "Ascendency of The Republican party" shall be continued all over the country in the same manner.

THE BOOM QUESTION.

Give Herdic the belt. He has won his point against the proposed reduction of the boomage duties, by proving his own frauds The Lumber Exchange tried the same weapons and therefore properly failed.

The tax on lumbermen of the West Branch imposed by the Susquehanna Boom Co., we believe to be inordinate. But it is granted the Corporation by an act of assembly. This act the Legislature can repeal. If the Legislature has the power it should investigate the question from its inception. The measure has been tainted with fraud from the beginning, and its "true inwardness" cannot be gathered by the partial investigation now going on. Our *special* gives details.

FIRE! GRANGERS ATTENTION!—Brother and Sisters Patrons, you are, doubtless aware that Brother Wm. J. Beidleman had, April 7th, all or nearly all his household goods consumed by fire and had *no insurance.* This card is to call your attention to his case, as here is a brother in distress. Let us show by our *works* that we feel for the woes of others and that with an open hand and generous heart are indeed dispensers of charity. Send your contributions direct to Brother Wm. J. Beidleman, care, John G. Quick Sec'y of Bloomsburg G. No. 322 P. of H., Bloomsburg Pa.

E. M. Tewksbury,
Sec'y, Pomona G. No. 5. P. of H.
April 10, 1876.

—The returns of the census taken by the police, last week, show the population of the city of Philadelphia to be 817,448.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 10, 1876.
Special Correspondence.

The disclosures of the last week, while they are not so startling as the Belknap affair, are of much greater importance. Before Mr. Clymer's committee it has been proven, that President Grant himself sent a spy to St. Louis to prevent the conviction of Babcock. The witness Bell, who was the spy, tried to protect Grant, his old commander, but his testimony and that of Babcock, Luckey, Bradley and Pierrepont of Washington and of Mr. Dyer and Col. Brodhead the prosecuting lawyers in the whisky cases, leaves very little doubt in the minds of those who have read the testimony, that it was the intention of the President to do all in his power to protect his guilty Secretary and he did this after his spy had informed him that there was no doubt of Babcock's guilt. A spy was even kept in the grand jury room and Grant was informed of all that was done there, so that from the beginning he could not have been in doubt as to Babcock's connection with the whisky ring.

The naval committee have taken an immense amount of testimony and have unearthed such a show of corruption in the manner of conducting that department, that the country will stand absolutely appalled when it is made public. Secretary Robeson has not only diverted the public funds from their legitimate use but he used millions of the government money and risked its loss to sustain the sinking fortunes of the house of Jay Cooke, McCulloch and Co., of London when he knew that house to be virtually bankrupt. Large amounts will be lost by his criminal conduct. The Navy Yards everywhere were used as political machines to forward the election of Radicals and the funds that should have been expended in building ships were used to secure votes. Robeson's friend, Cattell, was paid five per cent. on all contracts and no one desiring to sell anything to the navy department could do so without submitting to this black mail.

But the Indian committee have demonstrated even more of rascality than could be found in the navy department, in the treatment of the Indians—veery species of venality that could be devised and the existence of a ring which permeated every department of the government and even penetrated into the very committee room where the examination was being made. Congressman Page of California is on the Indian committee and was one of the sub committee over which Wilshire of Arkansas presided. Wilshire has been most industrious in hunting up frauds. He is a good lawyer and understands how to extract the truth from even an unwilling witness. Page was continually in the habit of brow beating witnesses before the committee and had to be reproved more than once for his conduct. It finally came out that he had a reason for his action, as one of the witnesses, Mr. Meeker a correspondent of the Herald, swore that he had been informed that Page was himself a member of the Indian ring. Meeker refused to give the name of his informant, and Page blustered about having him taken before the house and compelled to answer, but he has not done so nor does he intend to. Scales and Wilshire of Arkansas deserve credit for the manner in which they have conducted this investigation.

The Post Office committee have also proven that contracts were bought in the most shameful manner, from the highest officials in the department, some of the paid employees of the contractors being in the very room of the Post Master General and another being assistant P. M. General. Every day new revelations are being made and new investigations ordered, but the business of Congress is not neglected on this account. The House sits daily from noon until five or six p. m. and has three night meetings per week. The discussion on the Legislative, Executive and Judicial bill is prolonged as the Republicans are using every effort to defeat the proposed saving of six millions of dollars made by the bill as reported by the committee, but it will finally pass about as originally reported. It is said that the Texas and Pacific bill will be reported next week, as the only opposition to it now, comes from the Union and Central Pacific railroads which do not want their monopoly broken down.

Col. James O. Broadhead of St. Louis who is most favorably spoken of as a compromise candidate before the St. Louis convention is in Washington to testify in the whisky trials. No name presented to the convention is entitled to higher respect than that of Col. Broadhead. He is a gentleman of unimpeachable integrity, has never been mixed up with any disreputable transactions, was a Union man and a war democrat and is the peer of any man in the country in ability. Bayard, Judge Davis and Hendricks are much talked of, but it is too soon to even conjecture who will be either the St. Louis or the Cincinnati nominee.

Blaine seems to still be ahead of all the other radicals, the New York Tribune which is strong for Bristow admitting that Blaine will get the largest vote on the first ballot. The executive committee is working well as the result in Connecticut shows, and the exposures being made here are beginning to tell. If properly handled and they will be, the people will surely repudiate Radicalism this fall.

The revolution in Mexico is still progressing favorably for Diaz. The government papers admit that there are 10,000 men in the field and railroad communication between Vera Cruz and the city of Mexico has been interrupted. The Emperor of Brazil and his wife will arrive at New York in a few days. They will spend some months in the country. The home exhibitors should hurry up their articles for the centennial as the buildings are about ready and it is desired to have everything in place before the 10th of May.

NEMO.

UNLIMITED REMEDIAL RESOURCES.

People sometimes suppose that Dr. Pierce's Family Medicines represent the entire extent of his resources for curing disease. This is an error. Experience proved that while the Golden Medical Discovery, Favorite Prescription, Pleasant Purgative Pellets, Compound Extract of Smart-Weed, and Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, would, if faithfully used, cure a large variety of chronic complaints, there would be here and there a case which, from its severity or from its complication with other disorders, would resist their action. These exceptional cases required a thorough examination into their symptoms, to ascertain the exact nature and extent of the diseases under which the patient was laboring, and the use of specific remedies to meet and overcome the same. This led to the establishment of the World's Dispensary, at Buffalo, N. Y., with its Faculty of Physicians and Surgeons, each of whom is skilled in the treatment of chronic disorders in general and those belonging to his own special department in particular. To one is assigned diseases of the throat and lungs; to another diseases of the kidneys and urogenital organs; to another diseases of the digestive system; to another diseases of the nervous system; and to another diseases of the eye and ear. Thus the highest degree of perfection in medicine and surgery is attained. The establishment of this institution enables the Doctor to meet a long-felt want in the treatment of the more severe chronic affections. By a careful consideration of the symptoms as given in writing, he successfully treats thousands of cases at their homes. Others visit the Dispensary in person. The amplest resources for the treatment of lingering affections are thus placed at the disposal of every patient, and those on whom the proprietary medicines do not have the desired effect can procure a more thorough and efficient course by a personal application to the proprietor of the World's Dispensary.

We rejoice in Blaine. We bless God for Blaine. We wish him abundant strength to kill off Morton, and Morton sufficient strength to slaughter Blaine; and then there will be something interesting.—*Cincinnati Commercial [Ind.]*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

F. P. BILLMEYER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
OFFICE—Adjoining C. R. & W. J. Buckalew.
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Apr. 14, '76-1y.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF MICHAEL GROVER, DECEASED.
Letters of Administration on the estate of Michael Grover late of the Town of Bloomsburg, county of Columbia, State of Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted to Joshua Fetterman and Aaron Grover, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay.
JOSHUA FETTERMAN,
AARON GROVER,
April 14-6w Administrators.

NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given that I have left in the possession of Stephen H. Wolf on the farm leased by me from Michael Grover, in Mifflin township, a lot of personal property, consisting of three horses, wagons, buggy, harness, thrashing machine, plows, harrows, and other farming utensils, cattle and hogs, belonging to me and to be used for the purposes of said farm.
C. H. WOLF.
Mifflin, April 14-3w.

NOTICE.
The firm heretofore known as W. P. Jones & Co., consisting of W. P. Jones and Geo. C. Scott, engaged in the dry goods and notion business at Cata-issa, Pa., dissolved by mutual consent, W. P. Jones having retired. The business will hereafter be carried on by Geo. C. Scott.
W. P. JONES,
GEO. C. SCOTT,
Catawissa, April 6-4w.

TAKE NOTICE.
The creditors of Buel Fuller, resident of Columbia county, are hereby notified of his intention to appear at the May Term of the Court of Common Pleas, and then and there present his petition for the benefit of the Insolvent Laws of this Commonwealth, and file an inventory of his real and personal property.
HERVEY E. SMITH,
Attorney for Applicant.
April 14-3w.

WANTED.
AN ENERGETIC BUSINESS MAN to take the GENERAL AGENCY for Columbia county for the sale of PRATT'S HORSE AND CATTLE FOOD, an article of necessity, having an immense sale. Small amount of capital necessary, as we consign no goods. This is an opportunity seldom offered to establish a lucrative and permanent business. Those meaning business only need apply to J. S. Pratt & Co., No. 216 North Eighth Street and 17 North Front Street, Philadelphia. Apr 14-2w

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF JOHN ALLEN, DECEASED.
Letters testamentary on the estate of John Allen, late of Madison twp, Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county, to John A. Funston, of Bloomsburg, Columbia county, Pa., Executor, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment and those having claims or demands against the said estate will make them known to the said Executor without delay.
JOHN A. FUNSTON,
April 11—6t* Executor

VALUABLE PROPERTY AT PRIVATE SALE.
The subscriber will offer at private sale
THREE TOWN LOTS
in the town of Light Street, Columbia county. The improvements consist of a two-story frame house, with necessary outbuildings, a blacksmith shop and small frame house suitable for a shop.
Terms made easy for purchasers.
J. H. KEIM.
Light Street, April 14-2m.

LICENSE NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given that the following named persons have filed in the office of the Clerk of Quarter Sessions their petitions for Tavern, Eating Houses and Liquor Store Licenses, which will be presented to the Court on Wednesday, May 3d, A. D. 1876.

Boyd W Williams	Berwick Borough	Hotel
J. H. Hoyt	" "	"
W. A. Clemens	" "	"
H. Berger	" "	Eating House
H. L. Kleckner	" "	"
John Laycock	Bloomsburg	Hotel
Hiram Bress	Benton Twp.	"
J. S. Kistler	Catawissa	"
Geo. L. Kostenbauder and Geo. W. Kostenbauder	" "	"
Josiah Michael	" "	Eating House
E. S. Miller	" "	"
J. K. Hoagwn	" "	"
A. K. Shulman	Centre	Hotel
Johanna O'Connor	Centralia Boro'	Liquor store
A. W. Creamer	" "	"
Mary Moore	Conyngham twp.	Eating House
A. K. Smith	Madison "	"
Boyd Yetter	Main "	"
J. K. Longenberger	" "	"
H. C. Mauer	Orange "	"
John Snyder	" "	"
John Kehrote	Scott "	"
W. H. Tubbs	Montour "	"
Wellington Yeager	Locust "	"
Samuel Rimby	Madison "	"
Daniel Morris	Locust "	"
Michael Frantz	Berwick Borough	Eating House
Humphrey Parker	Greenwood twp.	Hotel
Joseph H. Shuman	Beaver "	"
Daniel W. Robbins	Bloomsburg	Liquor store
Oliver A. Jacoby	"	"
Hannah S. Weiss	Greenwood twp.	Hotel
Isaac Edwards	Conyngham "	"
John L. Kline	" "	"
Daniel F. Curry	Centralia Boro'	Eating house
Mary Chapman	" "	"
Robert Farrel	" "	"
Robert Bryson & Co.	" "	Liquor Store
Bernard Stohner	Bloomsburg	Hotel
Aaron W. Hess	Mifflin twp.	"
Jacob Miller	Scott "	"
Charles H. Dietterich	Heinlock "	"
William Peifer	Centralia Boro'	"
John Cosgrove	Conyngham twp.	Eating House
Elijah Kase	Sugarloaf "	Hotel
George M. Baker	Scott "	"

B. FRANK ZARR,
April 14—1c. Clerk Q. S.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

By virtue of sundry writs to the Sheriff of Columbia county directed, will be exposed to public sale at the Court House in Bloomsburg, on

SATURDAY, MAY 6, 1876,

at 1 o'clock p. m., all that certain undivided one-half of a lot of land situate in Scott township, Columbia county, Pa., being a limestone quarry, bounded on the east by quarry lot of Wales and Pursel, on the north by land of Aaron Boone, on the west by another quarry lot of Jesse D. Rice known as the Green quarry lot, south by lands of Aaron Boone and other land of Jesse D. Rice; on which are erected two dwelling houses, stable, office, hay scales and six lime kilns; being the undivided one-half of the quarry lot purchased by J. D. Rice of Charles Lee, with the appurtenances.

ALSO,

The other undivided one-half of the quarry lot above described, being the undivided one-half of said quarry lot, purchased by the said Jesse D. Rice from Peter Schug, with the appurtenances.

ALSO,

One other piece of land in said township, bounded by lands of Isaac White on the south, on the east by lands of the Espy Lime and Cement Company and others, on the north by lands of Nathaniel L. Campbell, and on the west by land of Pursel and Waples and the quarry lots above described; containing about four acres.

ALSO,

One wharf lot situate on the North Branch Canal in said township of Scott, bounded by lands of Capt. Waples, G. W. Creveling and others; containing one quarter of an acre, more or less, being wharf lot purchased of George Hilday's executors by the said J. D. Rice.

ALSO,

Two other wharf lots situate on the North Branch Canal in said township, adjoining lands of Capt. Waples, deceased, Creveling and Mowery and others; containing about one-half acre

ALSO,

All that tract of land situate in Madison township, Columbia county, Pa., bounded and described as follows: beginning at a post on the Black Run road leading from Jerseytown to Orangeville in line of land of Perry Christian, thence by the same north 49 degrees east 42 and 7-10 perches to a post, thence by land of Samuel Meredith 86 perches to a post, thence by same north 72 degrees east 42 perches to a post, thence by land of William Welliver 74 degrees west 53 perches to a post, thence by the same south 49 degrees west 85 perches to a post in the aforesaid road thence by said road south 20 degrees east 50 perches to the place of beginning; containing 54 acres and 117 perches and allowance; whereon are erected a frame dwelling house, large barn, and outbuildings.

ALSO,

Another tract of land adjoining the last above described tract of land on the north, Meredith on the east, and other lands of Wellver on the south; being lands purchased of W. Wellver, containing about 41 acres.

Seized, taken into execution, and to be sold as the property of Jesse D. Rice.

ALSO,

A certain tract of land situate in Mifflin township, Columbia county, bounded on the south by Henry Yohe, west by heirs of John Michael, north by Geo. G. Jenkins, and east by Sarah Swank; containing about 18 acres.

ALSO,

A certain lot of ground situate in Mifflin township aforesaid, bounded on the south and east by a public road leading from Mifflin to Conyngham, west and north by land of Emanuel Kikendall; containing ¾ of an acre, more or less, whereon are erected a frame dwelling house, barn and other outbuildings.

Seized, taken into execution, and to be sold as the property of Stephen H. Swank,

ALSO,

At the same time and place, all the right, title and interest of said Stephen H. Swank in the following tract of land situate in the township aforesaid, bounded on the west by land of Obadiah Swank, on the south by Geo. G. Jenkins, east by Sarah Swank, and north by John Mowry; containing 9 acres, more or less, whereon are erected a frame house, barn and other outbuildings.

Seized, taken into execution, and to be sold as the property of Stephen H. Swank.

ALSO,

At the same time and place, all the right, title and interest of Obadiah Swank in the following tract of land, situate in the township aforesaid, bounded on the west by land of Obadiah Swank, on the south by Geo. G. Jenkins, east by Sarah Swank, and north by John Mowry; containing 20 acres, more or less, whereon are erected a frame house, barn and other outbuildings.

Seized, taken into execution, and to be sold as the property of Obadiah Swank.

C. G. MURPHY,
Coroner and Acting Sheriff.
Bloomsburg, April 14.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

USE of the MODEL PRESS
and do all your own Printing. Size of Press, 3 by 5 inches.
BEST IN THE WORLD
For Business Men and Young Printers.
Thousands in use. Send two 3 cent stamps for a perfectly illustrated 32 page Catalogue and Price List, entitled, "How to Print." J. W. Densmore & Co., Mfrs. and Dealers in Type and Printing Material, 66 & 68 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
April 14—1y w.

CHRONIC DISEASES CURED. New paths marked out by that plainest of all books, "Plain Home Talk and Medical Common Sense"—nearly 1,000 pages, 200 illustrations, by Dr. E. B. Foote, of 120 Lexington Ave., N. Y. Purchasers of this book are at liberty to consult its author, in person or by mail, FREE. Price by mail, postage prepaid, $2.25. Contents tables free. AGENTS WANTED. MURRAY HILL PUBLISHING CO., (John F. Jewett, manager), 129 East 28th St., N. Y. Apr 14-1y w

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE WONDERFUL CAREER OF MOODY AND SANKEY
IN Great Britain and America. By an eminent divine. Has over 750 pages and 13 illustrations. Price $2. Best book to sell. No other complete. 300 agents made the first month. Send for proofs. Address, H. S. GOODSPEED & CO., 14 Barclay St., N. Y.
Apr 14-12w.

HOMEOPATHIC FAMILY MEDICINE CASES.
And books giving plain and concise directions for their use are, are a necessity in every household; for often will a timely dose of medicine stave off a serious case of sickness.
Messrs. BOERICK & TAFEL, 145 Grand St., New York, will send a catalogue describing the different styles and sizes, to any address on receipt of a stamp. Theirs is the oldest establishment of its kind in America, having been founded in 1835.
Apr 14-6w.

$206 GROCERIES FREE
An agent just cleared $199 first 3 weeks selling the LIFE AND LABORS OF LIVINGSTONE
Another $50 first 6 days. Over 46,000 copies of this standard life of the Veteran Explorer sold. 150,000 more needed by the people. A book of matchless interest, profusely illustrated, and very cheap. A royal chance for agents. For proof and terms address Hubbard Bros., 723 Sansom St., Philadelphia.
Apr 14-4w.

FOR COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, AND ALL THROAT DISEASES USE WELLS' CARBOLIC TABLETS
Put up only in BLUE BOXES.
A Tried and Sure Remedy.
For sale by druggists generally, and JOHNSTON HOLLOWAY & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.
Apr 14-4w.

The Greatest Selling Centennial Book is OUR COUNTRY AND ITS RESOURCES
Rich and complete in our thrilling history of 100 years and grand in vivid descriptions of all our mighty resources in agriculture, commerce, minerals, manufactures, government, curiosities, natural wonders, works of art, &c. Richly illustrated and cheap. A splendid view of the world's foremost nation. No other book like it. Outsells more histories five to one. Agents wanted quickly. Address Hubbard Bros., 723 Sansom street, Philadelphia.
Apr 14-4w.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR TURNER'S DESSERT SAUCES
NEW AND DELICIOUS
FOR USE WITH DESSERT OF ALL KINDS.
Gilbens & Rex-sauer, Agents, Phila.
D & Co. Apr 14-4w.

AGENTS,
make no engagements till you see our
NEW BOOK,
Which in thrilling interest, sterling merit, elegance and cheapness, has absolutely no equal. It is "The Thing" for the Centennial period—takes on sight.
The "North American Review" says it is "deserving of unqualified praise; we anticipate for it an extensive popularity." The "Dubuque Times" says, "Just such a work as thousands of the American people will be glad to possess." The "Detroit Advertiser calls it "preferable to any yet published." Any active man or woman of good address insured large profits and steady work for a year. For full particulars address
J. B. FORD & CO.,
27 Park Place, N. Y.
April 14—12 w.

PERFECTION! IMPROVEMENT SECURED
"COHANSEY" "PROTECTOR"
GLASS TOPS METAL IN ONE PIECE
WARRANTED RELIABLE
HANDSOMEST FRUIT JARS CHEAPEST
GLASS ONLY IN CONTACT WITH FRUIT
ANTI-RUST LINED METAL TOPS
FRANKLIN INSTITUTE PHILADA 1874 AMERICAN INSTITUTE NEW YORK 1875
AWARDED TO COHANSEY GLASS M'F'G CO. FRUIT JARS 1875
FOR FRUIT JARS 1874
COHANSEY GLASS M'F'G CO.
M'F'R'S WINDOW GLASS, BOTTLES &C.
PHILADELPHIA

Juries for May Term, 1876.

GRAND JURORS.

Beaver—Elias Miller, Joseph Lehr.
Benton—Elias McHenry, Sr., John Ashleman.
Briarcreek—Adam Sult.
Berwick—W. B. Opdyke.
Bloomsburg—John S. Sterner.
Catawissa—Joseph Martz, H. J. Reeder.
Fishingcreek—J. M. Bucknlew, Thomas Hutchison, L. M. Creveling.
Greenwood—Chas. Howard, David Demott.
Jackson—Clinton Lewis.
Locust—Joseph K. Rhodes, Samuel Price.
Main—Aaron Miller.
Montour—David Mouser.
Mt. Pleasant—Wm. Hower.
Orange—James Harman.
Roaringcreek—Elias Rarig.
Scott—H. F. Oman, George M. Baker.

TRAVERSE JURORS.

FIRST WEEK.

Benton—Geo. Keeler, I. K. K. Laubach, I. K. Brickbaum.
Berwick—Robert G. Crispin, Henry C. Freas.
Briarcreek—William Lamon, Andrew Fowler.
Beaver—N. Bredbenner, Jr.
Bloomsburg—John Wolf, Michael Casey, Sr., B. F. Hicks.
Catawissa—Geo. P. Driesbach.
Centralia—Seth Thomas.
Centre—Jesse Hicks.
Franklin—Joseph Reeder, Samuel E. Lohrman.
Fishingcreek—D. W. Kitchen, C. W. Kreamer, John Sutton.
Greenwood—Geo. W. Utt, J. H. Ikeler.
Hemlock—Amos B. Hartman, H. D. McBride, Nehemiah Reece.
Locust—Wm. Wilson, Jonathan Bachman, W. H. Reinbold, Isaac Johnson.
Main—James Keefer, Stacey John, F. E Bentz.
Madison—D. A. Watson.
Mt. Pleasant—John H. Vanderslice, J. W. Hagenbuch.
Mifflin—Alfred W. Hess.
Scott—S. W. Edgar.

SECOND WEEK.

Beaver—Wm. Shell.
Berwick—J. W. Dietterick, John Taylor, Samuel C. Jayne.
Briarcreek—Joseph Sponenberg, John Fester.
Bloomsburg—Samuel Yetter, J. M. Hower, A. W. Fry.
Center—Geo. O. Fredericks, D. E. Hayman, Hiram Whitmyer, Philip Cressy.
Catawissa—Geo. Gilbert, Nelson Hartman.
Centralia—Wm. Bigley, John Curran.
Greenwood—Sylvester Albertson.
Jackson—John Edgar.
Locust—Ephraim Achey, Daniel Morris, Edward Watkins, Michael Honberger, Jonas Berninger.
Main—Chas. Fisher.
Montour—Levi Weaver.
Mifflin—Thomas Aten, S. H. Swank.
Mt. Pleasant—Jacob Gilbert, Clemuel Ruckle.
Orange—Reuben Bellas, Wm. Y. Hess.
Pine—John F. Fowler.
Scott—Daniel Snyder, John Stanley.
Sugarloaf—Daniel Hess.

PENMANSHIP.

Teachers, clerks, and all others, ladies and gentlemen, who wish to write elegantly should address with stamp, for terms and specimens.
M. E. BENNET, PENMAN,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
April 7-4w.

NOTICE!
Another ready pay store on and after May 1, 1876. The subscriber will adopt strictly the ready pay system. He is determined not to be undersold and offers very cheap for cash a general assortment of lumber consisting of: fencing and pine boards, plank, joists, lath, siding, sawed and shaved shingles, worked flooring, &c., also a good assortment of furniture made by an experienced workman; round and falling leaf extension table, dining parlor centre, and breakfast tables, bureaus, bed steads, secretaries, &c. Call and be convinced. All persons having running accounts are requested to call immediately and settle, and pay at least a part of their indebtedness.
P. D. BLAUB,
April 7.-3t. Rohrsburg Pa.

WIDOW'S APPRAISEMENTS.

The following appraisements of real and personal property set apart to widows of decedents have been filed in the office of the Register of Columbia county, under the Rules of Court, and will be presented for absolute confirmation to the Orphans' Court to be held in Bloomsburg, in and for said county, on Monday, the 1st day of May, 1876, at 2 o'clock p. m., of said day unless exceptions to such confirmation are previously filed, of which all persons interested in said estates will take notice:

1. Widow of William Dildine, late of Madison township, deceased.
2. Widow of John Snyder, late of Locust township deceased.
3. Widow of Morris Pursel, late of Madison township, deceased.
4. Widow of Jacob Shearman, late of Beaver township, deceased.
5. Widow of Michael Beagle, late of Mount Pleasant township, deceased.
6. Widow of Samuel Creasy, late of Mifflin township, deceased.
7. Widow of Samuel K. Albertson, late of Benton township, deceased.

H. W. JACOBY,
Register.
Register's Office, Bloomsburg, Mar 30, 1876.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

By virtue of sundry writs to the Sheriff of Columbia county directed, will be exposed to public sale at the Court House in Bloomsburg, at 1 o'clock p. m. on

MONDAY, MAY 1, 1876,

all that real estate situate in Roaringcreek township, Columbia county, bounded and described as follows viz: on the south by lands of David Hower, on the east by lands of Jacob Young, on the north by lands of Michael Strousser, and on the west by lands of Michael Strousser; containing forty acres, more or less, whereon is erected a dwelling house and outbuildings.

ALSO,

The undivided one-third interest in the following tract of land situate in Beaver township, bounded and described as follows: on the north by lands of William Smith, on the east by land of John Sherman, on the west by land of Reuben Reubenner, on the south by company lands; containing one hundred and seven acres, more or less, whereon are erected two barns, a dwelling house, and outbuildings.

Seized, taken into execution, and to be sold as the property of Catharine Sherman.

ALSO,

All that certain real estate situate in Beaver township, Columbia county, bounded and described as follows: on the north by lands of Elias Giger, on the east by lands of Jacob Girton, and on the north by lands of Gideon Heist; containing forty acres, more or less, whereon are erected a 1½ story log house, a barn, a frame house, a stable and other outbuildings.

Seized, taken into execution, and to be sold as the property of Christian Heist.

ALSO,

All that certain tenement or tract of land situate in Mifflin township, Columbia county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, to wit: beginning at a post corner of land of Elizabeth Lutz, thence south 74½ degrees west 35½ perches to a chestnut sapling, thence by land of Sarah Swank south 15½ degrees east 30½ perches to a stone, thence by land of Jacob Hontz north 74½ degrees east 35½ perches to a post, corner of Elizabeth Lutz, and thence by the same north 15½ degrees west 2 0-4 perches to the place of beginning, containing 45 acres and 96 perches, strict measure; whereon are erected a two-story frame house, barn and other outbuildings.

ALSO,

All that other tract and lot of land situate in Mifflin township, Columbia county, Penna., bounded and described as follows: beginning at a black oak grub, thence by land of the widow Lutz south 76 degrees west 116 6-10 perches, thence by a public road and lands of the heirs of David Brown north 14¾ degrees west 91 2-10 perches to a stone, thence by land of George Swank north 78¾ degrees east 30 perches, north 14

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, FRIDAY, APRIL 14, 1876

Rail Road Time Table.

LACKAWANNA & BLOOMSBURG RAIL ROAD.

	NORTH.	SOUTH.
Accommodation Train,	6.45 A. M.	7.40 A. M.
Mail Train	7.40 A. M	5.?2 P. M
Express Train	1.23 P. M.	11.54 A. M
" "	5.34 P. M.	

CATAWISSA RAIL ROAD.

	NORTH.	SOUTH
Accommodation Train	6.28 A. M.	7.30 P. M.
Regular Express	3.58 P. M.	11.33 A. M.

Through cars on Express train either to New York or Philadelphia. Accommodation train runs between Catawissa and Williamsport.

To-day is Good Friday.

Messrs. H. J. and Bruce Clark have gone to New York for Spring Goods, and promise a fine assortment on their return.

The bill making a stay of execution on judgments for two years was defeated in the House on Tuesday.

Nicholas Kindt, of Greenwood township offers his personal property for sale to-day, at ten o'clock.

The Susquehanna river near Harrisburg is full of ducks and geese. Why is it that those pesky birds don't fly up here? We are just as fond of ducks as the Harrisburgers.

Benjamin P. Fortner, of Catawissa, has been appointed a Justice of the Peace, by the Governor, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Alfred Eck.

The Commissioners of Northumberland county, have accepted the plan of Mr. Wetzel, the architect of Danville, for a new jail, the cost of which will be $135,000.

The personal property of the late Michael Grover will be sold on April 27th at his former residence in Main township. Sale begins at 10 o'clock.

The Philadelphia *Evening Chronicle*, the sprightly Democratic daily, has donned a "Spring Dress of new type" and looks as fresh and bright as a daisy. Success to it.

Those persons who are especially fond of oysters are earnestly entreated to fill themselves to repletion during the present month as it is the last one for the delicious bivalves.

The residence of Wm. L. Hirlinger, in Sugarloaf township was entirely consumed by fire on Saturday afternoon last, together with a large portion of its contents. There was a light insurance on the building, but none on the furniture.—*Independent Weekly.*

We learn that a company is organized and has begun business in Catawissa, with Joseph B. Knittle as manager. The Company have four large lime kilns and will deal extensively in Coal, Lime and Lumber. Their advertisement will appear next week.

The house of William J. Beidleman, on the Danville road in Montour township, about two miles from Bloomsburg, was destroyed by fire on Friday afternoon. The fire was caused by the burning of soot in the chimney which communicated to the roof. There was no insurance. We have not learned the amount of the loss.

S. S. Hetherlin, editor of the Williamsport *Sunday Times*, cut his throat with a razor, at the Central Hotel, Williamsport, on Friday morning last. He had been married on the previous day and his attempt at suicide was made in the presence of his bride. His injuries are not deemed mortal.

Next Sunday is Easter and the services to be held at St. Paul's Church it is presumed will be of the usual interesting description. Rev. John Hewitt will officiate. The illness of Mr. Elwell, the organist, has somewhat interfered with the preparation of the musical part of the services.

SAD ACCIDENT.—On Wednesday the only child of Mr. T. M. Koons, a bright eyed little boy of three years, while playing with some other children on the banks of Shickshinny creek, near the Arch Bridge, accidentally fell in and was drowned. The body floated nearly one fourth of a mile before it was rescued.—*Mountain Echo.*

The horses attached to the Benton stage took fright at the L. & B. R. R. station on Tuesday last, and ran up Market Street to Main at headlong speed. On arriving opposite the store of M. M. Russell the stage brought up against a post, throwing one of the horses to the ground and effectually stopping further progress. The stage was only slightly damaged, the horses not at all.

We doubt whether in the history of this county there has been a season when the roads were so conspicuously and continuously bad, as in the one just closed. Mud has prevailed so long and so deep that the gradual drying up of the roads, now in process, is hailed with delight by all whose business compels or pleasure impels to drive. The worst is over and we may now look for so nothing like a sound foundation for wheels.

We regret to learn of the death of Edward H. Baldy Jr., of Danville, which sad event took place on Monday. Mr. Baldy had just returned from a trip to Florida, where he had gone in pursuit of health. Mr. Baldy was a young man of great promise and his death will grieve a large circle of friends. He was a lawyer and had been Assistant District Attorney of Philadelphia during the term of Col. William B. Mann.

On the 12th of February last, G. A. Shaffer and J. A. Brookins were put in jail charged with shooting two men in Centre twp., whilst acting as deputy constables. On the 10th of March Shaffer waltzed out of the prison precincts and last Thursday, April 6th, Brookins followed his example and now lives a free man. It's a good jail but it has the trivial fault of not holding any one who is really desirous of getting out.

There is now lying at Kohinoor colliery, in this place, a curiosity in the shape of a lump of coal weighing five tons. The lump is five feet long, five feet high, and about four feet six inches in thickness. It is said to be the largest piece of undressed coal ever taken from the Mammoth vein, and it will be taken to Philadelphia for exhibition at the Centennial.—*Shenandoah Herald.*

Judge McDermitt, of Mercer county, on a rule to set aside the service of a Sheriff's writ, decided last week that "the duty of a Sheriff in the appointment of his deputies is ministerial, and he can no more depute it than a Court can depute the exercise of its judgment." The writ in question was sent by the Sheriff to the plaintiff at Sharon with a blank deputation written thereon, which blank was filled by the plaintiff's attorney.

From a private letter we learn that Senate Bill No. 233, changing the auditing day for auditing township and borough accounts, excepting school accounts, from the first Monday in June to the second Monday of April in each year, was signed by the Governor on Friday last. Also House Bill No. 54, fixing the compensation of township Supervisors, Commissioners, Auditors and Assessors at two dollars per each day of actual service, has also received the signature of the Governor.—*Sullivan Co. Democrat.*

What they call out West "a buffalo zephyr" and what is known here as "a gale," prevailed on Friday afternoon and played high jinks in the way of blowing down signs, raising clouds of dust, and causing general annoyance. The aerial disturbance lasted but a brief time.

The first of April found Potter county with as good sleighing as at any time during the winter.—*Gazette & Bulletin.*

Same state of affairs in Bloomsburg. Sleighing here on the first of April as good as at any time during the winter—just about.

An adjourned Court was held last Saturday.

The Farmers and Mechanics Educational Benevolent Association of Columbia Co. Charter granted.

Hiram Y. Hower appointed Supervisor of Locust township.

Road in Conyngham township, W. H. Reinbold, David Yeager and George Getty appointed viewers.

Road in Mt. Pleasant township, near Daniel Vanderslice's, deceased. John Appleman, Sylvester Pursel and John Betz appointed viewers.

Mifflin township, by virtue of a vote of the people several years ago, has had up to this time three justices of the peace. At the last election John H. Hetler was re-elected but as his former term did not expire until after the election, the authorities at Harrisburg hold that a vacancy exists, which must be filled by the Governor's appointment. Samuel Creasy lately died, during his term of service, and since the election, and Mifflin at present has but one justice. We fail to see the propriety of the decision regarding Mr. Hetler and believe that he is entitled to the office to which he was fairly elected.

When a man loses his hair by Indians, typhoid fever or any other violent and unusual means, there is always much sympathy for the victim, and we can see no reason why the loss of capillary covering by milder methods should not call for commiseration. Miller of the Exchange Hotel left that house on Tuesday afternoon and returned after an absence of one short hour, with his hair about as long as a three days' beard. His head is three sizes smaller than usual and he wears his hat on his shoulder blades. He says his head feels cool, and we believe him—in fact cannot see why it shouldn't be, as there is nothing to keep the wind away.

THE COLUMBIAN of last week contained a query as to the falling of Easter on the 16th of April, instead of the 9th. A correspondent of the Lancaster *Express* furnishes the following explanation, which may be deemed satisfactory by some readers.

Easter is always the first Sunday after the vernal equinox. When the first full moon after the vernal equinox falls upon Sunday, then the next Sunday is Easter. The common or solar day, upon which the Easter calculation is based, is measured by the return of the sun to the meridian—that is, it begins and ends at 12 o'clock, noon. The first full moon in this year of our Lord 1876, occurs Saturday, April 8, at 2.36 P. M., and is therefore reckoned to occur on Sunday, April 9—hence, Easter Sunday on April 16, the first Sunday following.

A frightful murder was committed in Tusca rora, Bradford county, on the night of Saturday April 1st. Two masked burglars forced an entrance into the house of George Houser and after beating him and his sister, bound them securely and ransacked the house. After securing $300 in money, a gold watch and some jewelry, the burglars decamped, leaving Mr. Houser and his sister bound. About nine o'clock the following morning a man driving by the house noticed that the door was open and, on entering, discovered the unfortunate inmates. Miss Houser died in a few hours, her head having been crushed by the blows received. Mr. Houser was terribly cut about the head, but will recover. No trace has been found of the murderers.

IMPORTANT TO ASSESSORS.—Attorney General Lear having been addressed in relation to the law on the question of the time when assessors elected in February last would be inducted into office, replies that their terms will commence as heretofore, at the expiration of the terms of those elected on the third Tuesday in February, 1875, and will continue until the first Monday in April following the expiration of their respective terms. In other words, the assessors elected in February will commence their terms of office next fall and continue in office until the first Monday in April, 1878. There can be no election in February next year, and assessors will not be chosen until the spring election of the year following. Those who are chosen at that time will commence their duties on the first Monday in April ensuing, and thereafter the elections and terms will be regular, and occur annually.

HUMAN BONES SHIPPED AS FREIGHT.—The Williamsport *Banner* relates the following horrible story: This morning there was a strange rumor afloat that the bones of a man had been discovered at the Catawissa depot, and although it was generally believed, yet there were those who took the pains to investigate. It turned out that the rumor was correct. On Saturday a box arrived as freight, directed to some man in Centre county. As a peculiar stench was emitted, it led to an investigation, when the discovery was made that the bones of a man had been packed in the box. The jaws and one hand are missing, but the clinched fingers, as well as the finger nails, can be distinctly seen, as well as other portions of the body. The mystery is, why the bones of this man, who was evidently a tall, powerful masculine, were packed indiscriminately in a box and shipped as freight, instead of being enclosed in a coffin and shown proper respect. The case demands, and probably will receive, proper investigation.

A NEW ENTERPRISE.—Some gentlemen who are interested in the prosperity of Mountain Grove, on the D. H. & W. railroad have opened a bank of pipe clay near there, and erected small works for the manufacture of white ware. They think the material excellent and propose to test it to the fullest extent, and, if it proves to be good, erect large works for the manufacture of white, or Liverpool ware, and also to mine and ship the clay to potteries throughout the country. There are but three points in the country where clay of this quality has been found, in pure, clay state—in central Vermont, in southern Ohio, and near Dubuque, Iowa. There is therefore but little competition, and it would seem as though this deposit ought to yield a large revenue, if properly managed. The bed also embraces a good quality of fire clay, admirably suited to fire brick purposes. We will watch the enterprise, and report further upon it.—*Hazleton Sentinel.*

A meeting of the members of the Bar was held in the Law Library Room on Wednesday evening April,12 1876,to take action in relation to the death of the Honorable Geo. Scott late Associate Judge of this county. On motion of Col. John G. Freeze, Hon. Wm. Elwell was called to the Chair and Warren J. Buckalew and Hervey E. Smith Esqrs, were elected as Secretaries. The following gentlemen were appointed a committee to prepare resolutions expressive of the feelings of the Bar, to be published in the county papers and a copy given to the bereaved family; Messrs. M. E. Jackson, J. G. Freeze, E. H. Little, S. Knorr and E. E. Orvis. It was also unanimously resolved that the Bar in a body attend the funeral and that a committee of three be appointed to make the necessary arrangements for that purpose and to notify members of the Bar not present at the meeting. The committee appointed are Messrs W. J. Buckalew, A. C. Smith and C. B. Brockway.

WARREN J. BUCKALEW
HERVEY E. SMITH } Secretaries.

The new county bill, which has been a bone of contention for some time past and which has been vigorously opposed and as vigorously pressed in the Legislature, was killed in the House on Tuesday by the decisive vote of 74 yeas to 87 nays. This settles Luzerne as well as the rest of the counties of the State. The new Constitution requires that some legislation should be had on the subject.

Hon. Simeon P. Ryan, one of the members of the Legislature from this county, died on Wednesday last, at his residence in North Conyngham township. Mr. Ryan was a victim to that terrible disease, pneumonia, which has proved fatal to so many this winter. He was a young man of good ability, and a general favorite with his acquaintances. He was elected Representative in the fall of 1874, and has made an efficient and obliging member. Mr. Ryan was employed in the office of Anderson & Co., coal operators, near Centralia. In his travels through the county two years ago he made many friends, who will read with sorrow the report of his death.

On Saturday afternoon last Mrs. Dunning, a sister of Mrs. Stuart Mitchell of this town, tripped on a board lying on the apology for a sidewalk in front of John S. Sterner's property on Third street, and fell to the ground, breaking her shoulder blade and otherwise injuring herself. The town can be compelled to pay damages for injuries of this character if the person injured chooses to bring suit. The Town Council, at a meeting held last Monday, gave Mr. Sterner notice to have his pavement in good order by Monday next, and, in event of his not doing as ordered, the street commissioner will do the work and Mr. Sterner will pay for it.

At about one o'clock of Wednesday morning last, the ever-startling cry of "fire," roused from their peaceful slumbers the majority of Bloomsburg's citizens, and a bright light reflected against the sky pointed out the place where the flames were busy at their work of destruction. The large steam tannery situated at the intersection of Main street and the Light Street road was found to be the building marked by the destroyer and in an incredibly brief time nothing remained but the blackened walls and the lofty brick stack. The fire is supposed to have originated at the boilers and to have made its way under the floors, obtaining full headway before it was discovered. The building which was of brick, with a frame structure for bark, belonged to the heirs of William Snyder and was leased by George A. Herring. The loss is computed at $2000 on building and machinery, $300 on bark, and nearly $2000 on stock. Insured in $650 on stock and $1300 on building and machinery. Fortunately for the owners of adjoining property there was no wind or the damage would doubtless have been greater.

Death has been busy of late in Columbia County, and we are again called upon to note the loss of a prominent citizen. Hon. George Scott, of Catawissa, died very suddenly, of apoplexy, at Hazleton, on Monday night. In company with his son, Mr. Scott was driving to Hazleton and when near that town, placed his hand on his forehead and after uttering the word "apoplexy," fell back in his seat unconscious. His son drove rapidly to Hazleton and Mr. Scott was speedily placed in the hands of a physician, but all attention was in vain and death soon occurred without a return to consciousness.

Mr. Scott was born in Bradford County and was about sixty years of age. He learned the business of tanning with the late Col. Joseph Paxton at Catawissa. In 1852 he was elected to the Legislature and again in 1853. In 1856 he was made one of the board of Canal Commissioners of the State. In 1868 he was again elected to the Legislature and yet again in 1869. At the time of his death Mr. Scott was an Associate Judge of the Courts of Columbia County, having been elected last Fall. He was also one of the State Centennial Commissioners and Secretary of the Board; President of the State Agricultural Society, and President of the Catawissa Deposit Bank. Mr. Scott had been a contractor on a large scale, and it was on business connected with a contract that he went to Hazleton on Monday. A man who filled so many prominent positions will be greatly missed and his place will be hard to fill. The funeral takes place to-day and will undoubtedly be largely attended.

Mr. Scott is the seventh Associate Judge who has died in Judge Elwell's districts since the latter has been on the bench.

—A. T. Stewart, the merchant prince of New York, died on Monday afternoon last, of inflammation of the bowels.

"Union In Christ" is an excellent union, undenominational illustrated monthly, 60 cents a year, 25 cents to ministers and agents. Sent on *Trial Three Months Free* with best terms to agents. Address H. A. KING, 37 Park Row, New York Box 2289. A14-4w

In 1860 federal, state, city and county taxation aggregated $154,200,000. In 1875 the federal, state, city and county taxation is $640,000,000. Taxes have increased in the past fifteen years 315 per cent., while population has increased 48 per cent. In what abyss of pecuniary misfortune would fifteen years more of radical rule plunge the county?

"The CHRISTIAN *is the best paper I get*," says Mr. Spurgeon, the great London preacher. This large 16 page, illustrated dollar monthly will be sent post paid three months to any address for 10 cents, or to ministers free, by the publishers, H. L. Hastings, Boston, Mass. April 14-4w

—In the six principal markets of this county the number of hogs packed this season amount to 3,200,000, a decrease of nearly 300,000 as compared with last year.

WITHOUT COST.—Messrs. Potts Brothers now offer to send a sample copy of the *American Stock Journal* free to all who desire to examine it. Every farmer should send and get one, and then he will undoubtedly want it a whole year for himself and family. It will only cost one dollar to get a large 32 page illustrated monthly, telling all about about stock raising and farming. Those who subscribe now, get 3 numbers of 1875, free. Just the paper for hard times. Parksburg, Chester county, Pa., is the place to send. April 14.-4w.

The Brooklyn *Argus* says that thousands of immortal young souls are running wild through the jungles of Africa, without clothes and without a God, and yet here's Zach Chandler giving a thousand dollars to whitewash Babcock.

From Jacob Bener, Esq., Druggist, Middletown, Dauphin Co., Pa.

Messrs. Seth W. Fowle & Sons.

Gents:—Please send me immediately half a gross of DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, as it is selling rapidly and gives good satisfaction. I have been selling the BALSAM for more than twenty years, and have always found it satisfactorily spoken of. I have had a number of customers who have realized incalculable benefit from the use of it in the first stages of consumption. I am never without it in my family, and administer it to any member of it whenever troubled with coughs, colds, lungs and bronchial affections, and find it a most efficient remedy. JACOB BENER.

50 cents and $1 a bottle. Sold by all dealers.

—Fifteen thousand bunches of violets are sold daily in Paris.

THE STATE CAPITOL.

HARRISBURG, April 11th, 1876.

A jovial Representative and a man of infinite jest is the Hon. D. P. Rosenmiller, of Lancaster, and not for an instant did it rest within his breast last week when he offered a hastily written resolution to investigate the alleged charges of bribery connected with the Boom Bill, that he was stirring a hornet's nest about the ears of his fellow Representatives and raising a Legislative row, upon the history of which the changes would be rung from one end to the other of the Commonwealth.

That which had its inception in a joke has proven to be a very serious matter for certain, at least, of our honorable law-makers. No sooner had the committee appointed in pursuance of the resolution held one meeting than it was most evident that there was rather more in the matter than had at first been anticipated. Examination of the members was commenced, taking them in alphabetical order. This was done, the Committee sitting with open doors. A few members were examined when where there had been but a little smoke the fire began to burn brightly, and it was found necessary to close the doors of the Committee rooms and hermetically seal them to the inquisitive representatives of the Press. It had, however, already been made public that certain members had testified that the Hon. Peter Herdic, the chief boomer against the Boom Bill, had through his representatives at least indirectly made offers of money for "dodgers" and voters against the bill, $200 for a dodge and $400 for an adverse vote.

Then through the testimony of Speaker Patterson the name of Hon. Thomas A. Scott was associated with the bill, rather more as a peace-maker, however, than anything else, but it was considered necessary by the Committee to close its doors.

Since that time the Committee has pursued its duties arduously, attempting to keep its work a strict secret. There have been leakages, however and some of them of a rather startling character, and the fun of it is, the Herdicites are not the only parties hurt but lo, the other side, the immaculate Lumbermen, are discovered in the role which they so virtuously condemned in their opponents. The journal clerk of the House Captain Skinner is called to the stand and he testifies that on several occasions a certain member from Philadelphia named Petroff who by his actions in general was supposed to be a firm friend of Herdic, had evinced to him an ardent desire to know what Embick—the chief of the Lumbermen—was willing to do on the boom.

Skinner being a personal friend of Embick and as he testifies interested in the passage of the boom bill, in an official point of view, desiring to be rid of the troublesome measure and relieved from keeping its troublesome and intricate record, recounts his interviews with Petroff to Embick, at the same time giving Embick to understand that Petroff and his crowd were brewing mischief. He then states that for the purpose of testing this party a check for $7,500 was drawn by Embick and given into Skinner's hands. Petroff becoming cognizant of this fact grew keener than ever and went so far as to go to a certain bank and inquire whether or not Embicks check was good for the above amount. Being satisfied on this point he was ready for action but, Skinner becoming convinced of the character of the man returned the check to Embick, with the information that Petroff was trying to play a sharp dodge. The check was then and there destroyed by Embick, while Petroff was left in *statu quo*, with a letter in his own handwriting, asking "what Embick is willing to do," still remaining in Skinner's hands. Said letter is now one of the valuable posessions of the committee and Petroff is *non est inventus*; rumored to have gone with Herdic and Embick to attend Moody and Sankey's meetings in New York.

The committee are still working. Two sessions were held to day with another in prospect for to night when it is expected Treasurer Mackey will testify.

Col. McClure of the *Phila. Times* was before the committee this morning. To the subject matter of the written formula of questions he answered no, and when interrogated as to the authorship of the correspondence in the *Times* making specific charges of bribery, he refused to answer stating that he would not do so before a court of justice and no more would he before the committee. If the committee saw fit they might proceed against his paper, but answer he would not.

It has been stated on pretty good authority that evidence enough has already been produced before the committee to send three persons at least to the Penitentiary. Who these persons are and what their positions deponent sayeth not.

Sparse sessions of the Senate have been held during the past week, their calendars in existence before the first of April having been cleared up with a flurry, and they remaining firm in their refusal to take up new business. The House has been clearing up its calendars of bills on third reading. Quite a number of printing and appropriation bills have become laws. B

Messrs. J. Lorish and J. F. Stoker, Columbia county men, propose opening their brick dwelling house, No. 3735 Market Street, Philadelphia, for the reception of boarders during the Centennial Exhibition. The house is within easy distance of the Exhibition grounds, and the horse cars pass the door every few minutes. Those who wish to secure board and avoid the large prices charged by the hotels had better write to Messrs. Lorish and Stoker and make arrangements. Heavy baggage will be taken to the house by the proprietors if visitors will hand them the R. R. checks.

March 31—3w

DRAGGING OUT EXISTENCE.—The nervous, weakly invalid does not enjoy life, but merely "drags out existence," as the phrase is. Unfitted for the active pursuits of life, and incapable of partaking of its pleasures, to which health alone can give a zest; disinclined to social intercourse, and a prey to melancholy, the valetudinarian is indeed an object of pity. Yet there is nothing in all this that cannot be remedied by that genial alterative tonic and nervine, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which supplies deficient stamina, braces the nervous system, and overcomes those bodily irregularities to which nervous weakness is most frequently attributable. Diseases of the kidney and bladder imperfect digestion and uterine troubles are fertile sources of debility. Their eradication however, becomes a matter of certainty when Hostetter's Stomach Bitters are systematically used for that purpose. The Bitters likewise annihilate and prevent fever and ague and other debilitating febrile complaints of a malarial nature. April.

New Orleans Baking Molasses, choice Syrups from 80 cents to $1 a gallon. A fine assortment of Young Hyson, Imperial, Japan and Black Teas at M. M. Russel's.

HATS! HATS!! HATS!!!
Newest colors,
Brown, Black and Navy Blue,
just received at D. Lowenberg's.

G. A. Clark announces that although he does not keep "music" on hand, yet he is constantly ordering. Send him your orders

THE ONLY SURE CURE FOR RUPTURE.—The oldest and best hernia surgeons in the world are some of the advantages offered by the Triumph Truss Co., 234 Bowery, N. Y., whose truss and supporter were awarded the medal at the late session of the Great American Institute Fair. Send 10 cents for their new book. March 21 76-1y

Rupture cured in from 30 to 90 days by the Triumph Truss Co., of 234 Bowery, N. Y., who offer $1,000 for a rupture they cannot cure. See advertisement and cut of Truss in another column. Send 10 cents for descriptive book of Triumph Rupture-Cure. March 24, 76-1y

Business Notices

Espytown Steam Planing Mill for sale or rent Address, N. U Funk,
March 24-tf Bloomsburg, Pa.

For Rent—A first-class office in the *Columbian* Building, fronting the Court House. Apply at this office. tf.

Plants of all kinds for sale by J. L. Dillon, Florist, Bloomsburg, Pa. 5,000 early cabbage plants for sale now. 2,000 feet of glass in use comprising green-house, hot-beds and cold-beds.

Lutz & Sloan created quite a sensation last Saturday by putting the price of good Dress Calicoes down to 6¼ cents per yard and the best to 8 cents. Appleton A and Hill Muslins to 10 cents for the yard wide; less by the bolt. Wool Dress Fringes to 10 cents all collors and nearly everything in their store at a like reduction.

Persons contemplating repairs to their dwellings, barns, &c, this Spring, will do well to call on Moyer Brothers for Paints. These gentlemen have on hand a large stock of Paints of all colors and purchasers cannot fail of finding what they wish.

BRIDGE NOTICE.

An election will be held at the house of J. B. Kistler in the town of Catawissa, between the hours of one and six o'clock P. M. of May 1st 1876 for one President, six Managers, one Treasurer and one Secretary of the Catawissa Bridge Company for the ensuing year, and at the same time and place the stock holders of said Bridge Co. will vote for or against accepting section 1st of an act of 30th of May 1865. Entitled "An Act to entitle the stockholders of any Rail Road Co. incorporated by this Commonwealth, accepting the provisions of this act entitling the stockholders to vote one vote for each share of stock held by them" as extended to Bridge Companies by act 14th of March 1867.

GEO. S. GILBERT.
Secy.
April 7 4w.

Dress Goods nice at I. W. Hartman's.

300 Pairs of Ladies' Slippers, just received at McKinney's, 90 cents to 3.00.

NOTICE.—All accounts on our books remaining unpaid after May 15, 1876 will be placed in the hands of the law for collection
J. Schuyler & Son.
3w.

C. C. Marr, sells Goods cheap for ready pay.

Spring Shoes at E. M. Knorr's at very low prices.

For Wall Paper go to G. A. Clark's.

Ready Made Clothing Cheaper than ever at D. Lowenberg's.

Moyer Brothers have a large and complete assortment of Toilet Soaps to which they call attention These Soaps are of all grades and for all prices. All the most popular Soaps will be found in their stock.

J. H Maize is constantly receiving fresh Groceries, of the very best quality, which he offers at lower rates than any other store in town.

Men's fine Shoes in Button, Alexis and Congress, at McKinney's.

The best Garment Patterns are Butterick's sold by, C. C. Marr.

Flour and Feed at M. M. Russell's.

G. A. Clark has just gotten in his spring stock of Blank Books. It is large and well assorted.

Butter 35 cents a pound, Eggs 18 cents a dozen, at M. M. Russell's.

Calf Boots very cheap at E. M. Knorr's.

Gents Shirts Ties at McKinney's.

All that have accounts with C. C. Marr will please call and settle.

Wall Paper.—G. A. Clark has double the stock of any other establishment in town, which must be sold.

White Goods are on hand at I. W. Hartman's.

New goods this week at E. M. Knorr's.

Oranges and Lemons always on hand at M. M. Russell's.

For a nobby Cap go to D. Lowenberg's.

Comfort Elegance and Durability are, merits of McKinney's fine Shoes, all widths and sizes.

For Blank Books go to G. A. Clark's.

Canned fruits of all kinds at Russell's.

Don't forget to call and examine E. M. Knorr's Spring Goods before buying elsewhere.

The Newest, Neatest, and Nicest Clothing for *Boys* and *Children* that can be obtained in the New York market just received at D. Lowenberg's.

Carpet Chain 28 cents at I. W. Hartman's.

Picture Frames.—A large variety of Picture Frames, 8x10, in stock. Other sizes made to order, at G. A. Clark's Book Store.

COAL. COAL

Old Established Coal Yard.

C. W. NEAL & BRO., Wholesale & Retail Dealers in all sizes of the best qualities of Red and White Ash Coal, at the very lowest market rates. Have constantly on hand large stocks of
Domestic,
Cupola,
Blacksmith's Anthracite,
Bituminous,
and Limeburner's Coal.

Especial attention given to the preparation of coal before leaving our yards. Grain and Lumber taken in exchange for coal. Coal delivered to any part of the town at short notice. Orders left at I. W. McKelvy's store, or at our office, will receive prompt attention. Office and Yards at William Neal & Sons' Furnace, East Bloomsburg. Your patronage respectfully solicited.
COAL. [7—tf—25] COAL

FARMERS, ATTENTION.—Russel takes Butter Eggs, Lard and Produce in exchange for goods

MARKET REPORTS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKET.

Wheat per bushel	$ 1.25
Rye "	.90
Corn, new, "	.60
Oats, " "	.40
Flour per barrel	7.00
Cloverseed "	5.50
Flaxseed "	1.50
Butter	.25
Eggs	.16
Tallow	.06
Potatoes	.40
Dried Apples	.10
Hams	.16
Sides & Shoulders	.12
Lard per pound	.16
Hay per ton	20.00
Beeswax	.25
Timothy Seed	4.50

QUOTATIONS FOR COAL.

No. 4 on Wharf	$ 4.00 per Ton
No. 5 " "	$ 3.75 "
No. 6 " "	$ 2.50 "
Blacksmith's Lump on wharf	$ 4.00 " "
" Bituminous "	$ 6.00 " "

Marriages.

KOPPENHEFFER—TIETSWORTH.—At the home of the bride, on the 29th ult., by Rev. Henry S. Mendenhall, Mr. Abner Koppenheffer to Miss Clara J. Tietsworth, all of Elysburg, Pa.

Deaths.

In Madison township, on the 1st inst., Sarah Ann, wife of George Breece, aged 45 years, 4 months and 9 days.

MERICLE.—In the same township, on the 1st inst., Susanna, wife of Benjamin Mericle, aged 65 years, 9 months and 20 days.

BARKLEY.—In Bloomsburg, on the 7th inst., Rachel, wife of John Barkley and mother of Charles G. Barkley, Esq., aged 66 years, 3 months and 18 days.

FOR BARGAINS

GO TO THE

CENTRAL TEA STORE

THEY NOW OFFER

10 lbs. best White Sugar for $1 00,
2 and one-half lbs. Good Oolong Tea for $1 00.
5 Cans of 3 lb Peaches for $1 00.
3 lb Can Tomatoes 18 cents each.
CANNED CORN 20 CENTS PER CAN.

All other goods equally low, for cash or produce.

8 Oct. 1875.

A MATTER OF POPULAR INTEREST.

We condense from the *Lehigh Register* the substance of a conversation about Oak Hall, in Philadelphia, "a manager & Brown's" Largest Clothing House in America." A visitor and attendant are the speakers:

Visitor. "What corner is the Building on?"

Attendant. "South-East corner of Sixth and Market. Please note the SIXTH, for some strangers seeking Oak Hall, have been misled by designing persons."

V. "It is perfectly colossal! Do you know its dimensions?"

A. "10,000 square feet—66 on Market, and 180 odd on Sixth, six stories high, has over three acres of flooring, and covers space once occupied by more than twenty different business places."

V. "Do you use steam-power?"

A. "A giant young engine furnishes power for the freight and passenger elevators, and the boilers steam for heating, and the other operations of the house."

V. "What order do you take with goods?"

A. "They are first opened and arranged in the basement, on long low counters, and taken thence on the freight elevator to the inspector's room on the fourth floor."

V. "Is inspecting the first operation?"

A. "No, sir, measuring. The goods are first measured in the piece, then inspected. The cloth passes over rollers in the face of a strong light, and two men sit, one before and one behind the goods, watching with the eye of a hawk for the least pin-hole imperfection, and marking every flaw, so that the cutter may see and avoid it when he comes to cut the garments."

V. "You must employ an army of cutters?"

A. "Come to our fifth floor and see! We keep 70 hands all the year round, cutting up the cloth into garments,—besides the machines that do a dozen men's work each at a stroke."

V. "Do you manufacture all your own goods?"

A. "We do, and most carefully. Our examiners inspect every stitch and seam, and certify to every garment as extra-well made before we put our ticket on it, and become responsible for it."

V. "Your system must save you a great deal?"

A. "In every direction, sir. It is the system and economy we practice all the way through, that enables us to put our prices down to the people as we do."

V. "After inspecting the work, what becomes of it?"

A. "Before it goes into Stock it is ticketed. Every single garment has its number and other points noted on it, so that its entire history can be traced without fail, upon our books."

V. "You must have 70 or 80 salesmen?"

A. "Why sir, on busy days you may see 100 in the various rooms and suites of rooms, selling to the throngs of customers."

V. "Do you do an order business by mail and express?"

A. "Very great. All over the country. Our perfect system and rules of self-measurement make it possible to please people 2,000 miles away just as perfectly as if they were here in person."

V. "I suppose you have at least half a dozen different departments?"

A. "My dear sir! we have more than *twenty*, each charged with its own business, and each thoroughly organized, a necessary wheel within the great wheel."

V. "Will you name a dozen or so of them?"

A. "With pleasure. The Custom Department, for those who prefer custom-made to ready-made. The Furnishing Department, with its immense stock of all underwear. The Shirt Factory, with its busy machines, making our own first-class shirts. The Trimming Department, itself as big as many a regular store. The Garment Stock Room. The Receiving Room. The Order Department, named before. The Special Uniforms Department. The Delivery Department, with its score of messengers. The—"

V. "Hold, hold! sir, enough!"

A. "I'm not half through! The Advertising Department, with its bill and sign distributors, editing and publishing a business and popular journal, circulation *per se*, 50,000 copies monthly (tell all your friends to send for it). The Men's Department, with its many rooms. The Boys' Department. The Youths' Department. The Children's Department, with its special entrance for ladies. The Telegraph Department. The Chief Clerk's Department, with its book-keepers and assistants. General Manager's Department; Financier's Office, and other offices of the firm; all busy as bees thinking, planning, executing, buying, making, registering, receiving, selling, collecting, and in a thousand ways joining their forces to carry on a business with the people amounting to between $2,000,000 and $3,000,000 annually."

V. "S-t-u-p-e-n-d-o-u-s!"

A. "Indeed it is! I forgot to name the Cashier's Department, which handles its $25,000 of retail sales on some single days!"

V. "$25,000! Immense! That's what enables the house to buy cheap and sell cheap?"

A. "Exactly! Your have just hit it. The people throng here, knowing that we depend on low prices and immense sales."

V. "What are the 'FOUR RULES' I hear so much about?"

A. "Our system of business dealing—1. One price, no deviation; 2. Cash for everything; 3. A guarantee protecting the purchaser; 4. The money returned if the buyer can't otherwise be suited."

V. "Nothing could be fairer."

A. "Nothing. And the people see it."

V. "Well, I thank you, sir, for your polite attention."

A. "Not at all. It's a pleasure to serve you. Call again; and be sure of the place—Wanamaker & Brown's Oak Hall, South-East corner Sixth and Market."

V. "Thank you! I shall be happy to do so. Good morning."

J. H. MAIZE'S

MAMMOTH GROCERY.

Corner Main and Center Streets

BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

The largest stock of groceries and provisions, Queensware, Glassware &c., &c., in the county, for sale at wholesale or retail at the very lowest prices.

Oct. 8,1875

GEORGE A. CLARK,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

Dealer in Law Blanks Sunday School Libraries, Depositary of the Pennsylvania Bible Society,

WINDOW CURTAINS, WALL PAPER, PICTURE FRAMES, REWARD CARDS.

Books and supplies not on hand can be furnished

On Short Notice at the Most Reasonable Rates.

Store in Exchange Hotel Building, Bloomsburg, Pa.

Oct. 8, 1875—

SEEDS. VEGETABLE & FLOWER Plants, Roses, Dahlias, Fuchsias, Geraniums, Bedding Plants, Gladiolus, etc. Send a stamp for Dreer's Garden Calendar, 168 pages, illustrated, with practical directions. HENRY A. DREER, 714 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.
Mar. 31, 76.-6t

AGENTS, for best chance in the world to coin money address U. S. Safety Pocket Co. Newark, N. J. Mar 24-4w.

MIND Reading, Psychometry, Fascination, soul charming, mesmerism, and marriage guide, showing how either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affection of any person they choose instantly, 400 pages. By mail, 50 cents. Hunt & Co. 139 S. 7th Street, Philadelphia. D & Co. March 31-4w.

KAUB FRYMIER & EDWARDS,

Successors to B. Dorsey & Son,

CHINA, GLASS & QUEENSWARE,

Old Stand, 922 Market St., opp. new P. O., Phila.

Are offering great inducements to purchasers of FRENCH CHINA DINNER and TEA SETS, plain and decorated, choice styles and superior quality. AN EXTENSIVE and varied Assortment of CHAMBER SETS, PLEDGED and PLAIN GLASSWARE, plain, cut, and engraved. Our stock has been carefully selected and purchased for cash, enabling us to sell at the lowest prices. Particular attention devoted to our retail department. Particular attention given to decoration of china and glass to order, in full sets or to match broken sets. Will have at latest styles and best makes of SILVER-WARE.
D & Co. March 17-13w

Send free, to G. P. HOWELL & CO., New York, to Pamphlet of 100 pages, containing lists of 3000 newspapers, and estimates showing cost of advertising. March 10, '76-13t

MARVIN'S STANDARD
FIRE & BURGLAR
SAFES
COUNTER, PLATFORM WAGON & TRACK
SCALES
AGENTS WANTED
SEND FOR PRICE LIST
MARVIN SAFE & SCALE CO.
265 BROADWAY N.Y.
721 CHESTNUT ST. PHILA. PA.
108 BANK ST. CLEVE. O.
March 31, 76.-1y.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

Take notice, that on the 3d day of April, 1876, I bought at receivable's sale the articles enumerated below, and have leased the same to John H. Klecker for his dining saloon, and all persons are forbidden to interfere with his possession of the same: One pr. cupboard and dishes, 2 t

Miscellaneous.

The Young Lawyer.

The tie which bound a certain Detroit youth to a lawyer's office was severed yesterday, and his parents are happy. They wanted the boy to make a great lawyer, but he was getting along too fast. He pursued his studies with an ardor which cast a judicial shadow o'er the household and created considerable neighborhood talk. He got trusted for candy and repudiated the bill on the ground that he was a minor. He bought a dog and went into bankruptcy. He borrowed a pair of skates and defied the owner to get out a writ of replevin. He borrowed fifty cents and made the lender his assignee.

But the worst of it was in the family. He had a legal name for almost everything, and his desire was to prove to his parents that he was just absorbing dead loads of law. If he wanted a potato at the dinner table he would remark:

"Father, file my claims against that baked potato and I'll prove my indebtedness this afternoon."

If he wanted bread, he said: "Mother get me a writ of attachment for a piece of bread."

It was expected of him that he would light the morning fires, but no sooner had he gained an insight into the law than he said to his father.

"I'm going to move for a change of venue unless some other arrangement is made."

He moved for a stay of proceedings when asked to go the grocery, and if chided for being out at nights he replied:

"File your declaration and give me a chance for a jury trial."

When he was in a good humor he would sit and regale his mother with stories about Chancery who was going up town one night and met old Equity and asked him how Decree was getting along. Old Pleadings and Exceptions came along just then, and there was a big fight, and the young lawyer would slap his leg and declare:

"If Indictment had only been there he'd have whaled the whole crowd!"

The other day the long suffering father severed the tie. He was trying to bear up hoping for reform, but as he sat down to the table his son brightened up and remarked:

"The defendant will now take the stand and be sworn. Now, sir, did you or did you not come out of a Griswold street saloon at 11 o'clock this morning, wiping your mouth on the back of your hand? Tell the jury all about it, sir!"

It was a little too much, and the boy doesn't study law any more. He plays with a wood pile in the back yard.—*Detroit Free Press.*

Silver By The Ton.

The Consolidated Virginia Company took possession of their new assay office, on the site of their former office at the mine, last Sunday. The building is 45x95 feet, and two stories in height. The melting room is 23½x49 feet, and is open to the peak of the roof, in order to allow of the free ascent of smoke and fumes. To render the room still more healthful, a ventilator will be placed in the peak of the roof, that will run its whole length, when the arrangements of the room will be perfect.

Last Sunday all the apparatus was moved from the Savage assay office, and besides making this transfer, they melted 4,000 pounds of bullion, and had it all in the shape of bars before 5 o'clock in the evening. In addition to doing all this work they made over sixty ore assays.

On Monday last they melted and assayed over a ton of bullion, and considered it nothing more than a holiday. Yesterday there were melted 5,100 pounds, worth about $160,000. There are eight furnaces in the melting room, and they devour the crude bullion very rapidly. A "melt" is now made, in an hour and a half, whereas the usual time in ordinary offices is two hours and a half. The cupel room is 18x24, and contains two furnaces of three mufflers each. In the same room is the sand bath and apparatus connected therewith. The weighing room is 12x15, and the office and calculation room 12x24. In these two rooms the assays are weighed and all the necessary calculations are made.

In the ore assay department there are two crucible furnaces with a capacity of twenty crucibles each. In addition there will be a scarification furnace, containing from twenty to twenty-four scarifiers. These will be used in making assays of very rich ores, as the method is more speedy than by the use of crucibles. In this department there will be a cupelling furnace containing two mufflers, a weighing room and, &c.

There is a hall ten feet in width running through the melting room and the rooms in which the bullion assays are made, and in this hall there were on Monday piled up silver bricks worth $125,000. In a vault ten feet square, at one side of the hall, lay $100,000 in bricks, while $40,000 more stood cooling in the melting room; in all, $265,000 in sight at one time. This, with the $170,000 melted, molded into bricks and assayed yesterday, makes a grand total of $435,000 stored in the office during the past three days.

Besides the rooms we have mentioned on the ground floor there is a store room 18x20 a bath-room and wash room; also, a large room in which will be set up an apparatus for making humid assays. All the assaying is under the superintendence of Chambers G. Davis, late melter and refiner at the United States branch mint at Denver. It is intended that their silver bars shall go in all parts of the world for just what they are stamped.

Mr. Davis says the office is capable of melting and assaying $10,000,000 per month. Once in each month—at the time a general clean-up is made at the mills—he says he will do bigger work than has ever been before seen on the Pacific coast. At these times he will probably melt and assay in one day bullion to the value of $300,000. The upper story of the building contains the main business office of the company, 24x30 feet in size: two private offices about 14x18; a spacious hall, in the side of which is a strong vault for coin and other valuables, 8x10, with one or two sleeping rooms, bath rooms, closets, &c.

"The *Canadian Farmer* tells a nice story of a man named Langley, who went to St. Mary's bay geese hunting. Seeing a moose on the opposite shore he fired, and at the same moment a porpoise leaped from the water, and the bullet killed both it and the moose. The porpoise floated to the shore, and the hunter used it as a raft to paddle across to the moose. There he found that the bullet, after killing the moose, had gone into a hollow tree in which was a store of wild honey, which was flowing through the hole made by the bullet. Reaching for what he though was a stick to plug up the hole, he caught a rabbit by the leg. Rather startled, he threw it violently from him, and struck a covey of eighteen partridges, killing them all."

If you have a favor to ask of a man now, be sure and shut the door after you go into his office.

Agricultural.

Raising Chickens "by hand."

Mr. T. B. Rogers, the famous poultry raiser at Wethersfield, Conn., has "sensed the precise thing," and has invented what he calls an "artificial mother," for the rearing of young chickens. He estimates that at least fifty per cent. Of chickens hatched are lost by suffering from cold, by being stepped on by their mother, and by cats and other animals, and in various other ways. He also finds that chickens to be profitable, should be hatched in the winter. He hatched three broods in nine weeks with one hen—that is, he takes away the chickens as soon as hatched, and places fresh eggs under the hen, and in this way keeps her busy propagating chickens. Mr. Roger's next move was to get some invention that would take care of the chickens when hatched, and he has constructed what he calls an "artificial mother." This a box with two compartments, and about three feet long by two and a half wide. In the rear is a lid covered with wool, shutting within three inches of the bottom; this is cut off from the front part by a strip that can be raised on hinges. The front is protected by lattice work, giving plenty of air and light and on the outside are tin troughs, in which gravel, food and water are placed. The chickens can easily get their bills into these, and when they have got their fill they can run under the wool-covered lid, which is so soft and comfortable that they imagine they are under the old hen's wings. Mr. Rogers had in one of these boxes a brood of twenty-one chickens. They were as lively as crickets, and seemed perfectly at ease. Mr. Rogers deals exclusively in Light Brahmas, and thinks they are the best layers, as well as the most profitable fowls for the table.

Ashes for Cattle.

The *Live Stock Journal* has a correspondent who found his cattle given to the habit of eating wood, chewing bones, etc. They became thin in flesh, refused to eat hay, and presented a sickly appearance. He had no impression that their food lacked the constituents for making bone; and his neighbors used bone meal without noticing any good results whatever. At last he put about four bushels of leached ashes in his barn yard, and threw out to them about a shovel full each day. They all ate with evident relish. After turning them out to the pasture, he put one peck of dry ashes per week on the ground in the pasture. They ate it all and gnawed off the grass where it had been laying. The cattle began to improve, gaining flesh and looking better than they had for several years. He says this morbid appearance was unnoticed years ago, from the fact that the ground was new and ashy from the burning of woods and land clearings. Since this discovery, he gives one quart of salt mixed with one quart of ashes, to twelve head of cattle about once a week.

LAND DRAINAGE.—There is scarcely a farm on which drainage is not required, and open weather in winter and spring should be taken advantage of to collect materials for the drains. Tiles are the most uniform and portable material for drainage, yet in many cases other material may be used. In Great Britain and Ireland millions of acres are drained by stone-drains, that is with drains filled to a certain height with small stones, over which green sods are inverted and a perfect covering made to prevent the entrance of sand or earth. The drains are then filled up with the soil that has been thrown up in forming them. On some farms small stones exist in large quantities and their removal from the surface of tillage fields, meadows and pastures is necessary. These may be used with good effect in draining low and marshy places. The drains should be made in the shape of a blunt wedge from four to six inches wide at top and three feet deep. These should be filled with stones to the height of 10 or 12 inches, the smallest stones being placed on the bottom. A main drain with a good outlet should be constructed before the smaller drains are made.

COLIC IN HORSES.—The *Prairie Farmer* says relief may be obtained from this dose: Lin seed oil, raw, one pound; oil of turpentine, two ounces; hartshorn, one ounce; mix. The following tincture may be kept in readiness: In two pounds of whisky digest for eight days three ounces of ginger, three ounces of cloves, and then add four ounces of sweet spirits of nitre. Half a pint of this tincture is a dose, in a quart of warm water. The abdomen should be rubbed, the horse walked slowly about, (never ridden,) and supplied with a good bed, and with room to roll about without risk of injuring himself. If there is no relief in half an hour, a second dose may be given, and ere long, if still required, a third. Farm-horses that have keen appetites, and devour their food greedily, and when they have been long in harness, are most apt to be afflicted by this disease; wherefore care should be exercised in feeding and watering immediately after hard work.

WATERING POULTRY.—It is the belief of the writer that many of the diseases incident to poultry are due to neglect in providing them with pure water; particularly do I believe such to be the case, in the majority of instarces, where chicken cholera prevails. The omission to furnish fowls with suitable drinking water is one of the worst features of cruelty to animals. It is a neglect that is decidedly adverse to success, hence tends to diminish individual fancy for fowls, and works detriment to poultry interests. Those whom we occasionally hear say, "there is no profit in poultry" are not qualified to have the management of the same, and in their attentions may be classed with the thriftless and negligent parties who keep fowls that get drink when it rains.—*Fanciers' Journel.*

TO CLEAN OLD PORK BARRELS.—Old pork barrels, whether tainted or sweet, should be thoroughly cleansed before being used for new pork. A very simple and effectual method is to put in a peck of strong wood ashes and a couple of pails of water and let it stand a day or two; then scour thoroughly with a stiff corn broom. The lye will take hold of all the greasy particles with which it comes in contact, and the ashes, water and broom will, if vigorously used, leave them as sweet as new barrels. Rinse in cold water to remove all the ashes, then pour boiling water all around the sides and wash clean; now rinse again in cold water and the work is done.

The *Scientific American* says corn fed hens do not lay in winter, for the simple reason that there is no albumen material in the corn. When wheat is given to them there is fat enough in it to supply all that is needed for the yolk, and albumen enough to make the white, and lime enough to furnish the shell; it does not thus seem difficult to understand why corn fed hens should not lay, as they do not, and why wheat fed hens lay, as they do.

Great Reduction in Price!
Great Reduction in Price!
Great Reduction in Price!
Think of it! Think of it!
Think of it! Think of it!
Think of it! Think of it!

BAUGH'S

RAW BONE

TRADE MARK

SUPER PHOSPHATE,

Made from Raw or Unburned Animal Bones,

CHEAP FOR CASH.

We are now selling our Raw Bone Super-Phosphate at the following

GUARANTEED ANALYSIS.

Ammonia - - - - From 3 to 4 per cent.
Soluble and Precipitated Phosphoric Acid, From 9 to 11 per cent.
Phosphate of Lime, rendered Soluable, From 20 to 24 per cent.

At NET cash wholesale prices to Farmers and Planters, P. O. B. in Philadelphia, at the following LOW PRICES:

100 Tons and over,	-	$33 per ton, 2,000 lbs.
75 " to 99 Tons,	-	39 " " " "
50 " to 74 "	-	40 " " " "
30 " to 49 "	-	41 " " " "
10 " to 29 "	-	42 " " " "
1 " to 10 "	-	43 " " " "

BAUGH'S

GROUND RAW BONES.

Guaranteed Pure.

At the following CASH Prices:

100 Tons and over,	$34 00
50 " to 99 Tons	35 00
30 " to 49 "	36 00
10 " to 29 "	37 00
1 " to 9 "	38 00

This bone is ground pure; is not steamed or baked, and the solid bone has not been selected from it for carbonating purposes.

Farmers are requested to give their orders to the dealer early, and if they cannot get Baugh's Standard Fertilizers from dealers, they will be supplied by us direct.

BONE MEAL.

WARRANTED PURE.

F. O. B. in Philadelphia at the following Low CASH PRICES.

100 Tons and over,	$38 00 per Ton, 2,000 lbs.
75 " to 99 Tons,	39 00 " " " "
50 " to 74 "	40 00 " " " "
30 " to 49 "	41 00 " " " "
10 " to 29 "	42 00 " " " "
1 " to 10 "	43 00 " " " "

PHILADELPHIA

Ground Bones,

In Bags, on Board Cars at Works,

At the following cash Prices:

100 Tons and over,	$30 00 per Ton.
50 " to 99 Tons	31 00 " "
30 " to 49 "	32 00 " "
10 " to 29 "	33 00 " "
1 " to 9 "	34 00 " "

If packed in barrels, (no tare off,) we will make a deduction of $2 per ton from above prices.

Persons desiring to take advantage of the above low prices should send in their orders at once.

No. 1

FINE BONE DUST

GUARANTEED ANALYSIS:

Ammonia - from 2 to 4 per cent.
Phosphoric Acid " 14 to 17 " "
Bone Phosphate of Lime " 33 to 37 " "

This article is ground very fine, and is noted for its quick action, and can be bought at the following reduced prices, free on board vessels at our Philadelphia Works:

100 Tons and over,	$30 per Ton, 2,000 lbs.
50 " to 99 Tons	31 " " "
30 " to 49 "	32 " " "
10 " to 29 "	33 " " "
1 " to 9 "	34 " " "

N. B. One Dollar per Ton additional on above prices if shipped from Baltimore.

BAUGH & SONS,
BAUGH & SONS,
BAUGH & SONS,

20 South Delaware Ave., Philadelphia.
20 South Delaware Ave., Philadelphia.
20 South Delaware Ave., Philadelphia.

103 South Street, Baltimore.
103 South Street, Baltimore.
103 South Street, Baltimore.

Feb. 4—13t.

CALIFORNIA

THE CHICAGO & NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY

Embraces under one management the Great Trunk Railway Lines of the WEST and NORTH-WEST, and, with its numerous branches and connections, forms the shortest and quickest route between Chicago and all points in ILLINOIS, WISCONSIN, NORTHERN MICHIGAN, MINNESOTA, IOWA, NEBRASKA, California and the Western Territories. Its

Omaha and California Line

Is the shortest and best route for all points in northern Illinois, Iowa, Dakota, Nebraska, Wyoming, Colorado, Nevada, Utah, California, Oregon, China, Japan and Australia. Its

Chicago, Madison & St. Paul Line

Is the short line for Northern Wisconsin and Minnesota, and for Madison, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, and all points in the great North-west. Its

Winona and St. Peter Line

Is the only route for Winona, Rochester, Owatonna, Mankato, St. Peter, New Ulm, and all points in southern and central Minnesota. Its

Green Bay and Marquette Line

Is the only line for Janesville, Watertown, Fond Du Lac, Oshkosh, Appleton, Green Bay, Escanaba, Negaunee, Marquette, Houghton, Hancock and the Lake superior country. Its

Freeport and Dubuque Line

Is the only route for Elgin, Rockford, Freeport, and all port is via Freeport. Its

Chicago and Milwaukee Line

Is the old Lake Shore Route, and is the only one passing through Evanston, Lake Forest, Highland Park, Waukegan, Racine, Kenosha to Milwaukee.

Pullman Palace Cars

are run on all through trains of this road.

This is the ONLY LINE running these cars between Chicago and St. Paul, Chicago and Milwaukee, or Chicago and Winona.

At Omaha our sleepers connect with the overland sleepers on the Union Pacific Railroad for all points west of the Missouri river.

On the arrival of the trains from the east or south, the trains of the Chicago & North-Western Railway leave Chicago as follows:

FOR COUNCIL BLUFFS, OMAHA AND CALIFORNIA, Two through trains daily, with Pullman palace drawing room and sleeping cars through to Council Bluffs.

FOR ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS, two through trains daily, with Pullman palace cars attached to both trains.

FOR GREEN BAY AND LAKE SUPERIOR, two trains daily, with Pullman palace cars attached, and running through to Marquette.

FOR MILWAUKEE, four through trains daily, Pullman cars on night trains, parlor chair cars on day trains.

FOR SPARTA AND WINONA and points in Minnesota, one through train daily, with Pullman sleepers to Winona.

FOR DUBUQUE, via Freeport, two through trains daily, with Pullman cars on night trains.

FOR DUBUQUE AND LA CROSSE, via Clinton, two through trains daily, with Pullman cars on night train to McGregor, Iowa.

FOR SIOUX CITY AND YANKTON, two trains daily, Pullman cars to Missouri Valley Junction.

FOR LAKE GENEVA, four trains daily.

FOR ROCKFORD, STERLING, KENOSHA, JANESVILLE, and other points, you can have from two to ten trains daily.

New York office, No 415 Broadway; Boston office, 5 State Street; Omaha office, 253 Farnham Street; San Francisco office, 121 Montgomery Street; Chicago ticket offices: 62 Clark street, under Sherman House; corner Canal and Madison Streets; Kinzie street depot, corner W. Kinzie and Canal streets; Wells Street depot, corner Wells and Kinzie Streets.

For rates or information not attainable from your home ticket agents, apply to

W. H. STENNETT, Gen. Pass. Agt., Chicago. MARVIN HUGHITT, Gen. Sup't, Chicago. Feb. 4, '76-1y

LOUIS BERNHARD,

Dealer in

ELGIN WATCHES, CLOCKS,

Silverware, Watches and Jewelry

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Gold and Silver Watches, of American and Foreign manufacture.

Silver and Plated Ware, Clocks, FINE JEWELRY, &C., &C.

REPAIRING AND ENGRAVING

Promptly Executed.

Oct. 8, '75-1y

BUSINESS CARDS,
VISITING CARDS,
LETTER HEADS,
BILL HEADS,
POSTERS, &C., &C.,

Neatly and Cheaply printed at the COLUMBIAN Office.

Ayer's

Sarsaparilla

Is widely known as one of the most effectual remedies ever discovered for cleansing the system and purifying the blood. It has stood the test of years, with a constantly growing reputation, based on its intrinsic virtues, and sustained by its remarkable cures. So mild as to be safe and beneficial to children, and yet so searching as to effectually purge out the great corruptions of the blood, such as the scrofulous and syphilitic contamination. Impurities, or diseases that have lurked in the system for years, soon yield to this powerful antidote, and disappear. Hence its wonderful cures, many of which are publicly known, of **Scrofula,** and all scrofulous diseases, **Ulcers, Eruptions,** and eruptive disorders of the skin, **Tumors, Blotches, Boils, Pimples, Pustules, Sores, St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm,** and internal **Ulcerations of the Uterus, Stomach, and Liver.** It also cures other complaints, to which it would not seem especially adapted, such as **Dropsy, Dyspepsia, Fits, Neuralgia, Heart Disease, Female Weakness, Debility,** and **Leucorrhœa,** when they are manifestations of the scrofulous poisons.

It is an excellent restorer of health and strength in the Spring. By renewing the appetite and vigor of the digestive organs, it dissipates the depression and listless languor of the season. Even where no disorder appears, people feel better, and live longer, for cleansing the blood. The system moves on with renewed vigor and a new lease of life.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

April 16-1y

NEW STOCK OF CLOTHING.

AND

Gentlemen's Dress Goods.

DAVID LOWENBERG

Invites attention to his large and elegant stock of

Cheap and Fashionable Clothing,

at his store on

MAIN STREET, IN THE NEW BLOCK,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

where he has just received from New York and Philadelphia a full assortment of

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING,

including the most fashionable, durable and handsome

DRESS GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

BOX
SACK,
FROCK,
GUM

AND OIL CLOTH,

COATS AND PANTS,

OF ALL SORTS SIZES AND COLORS,

He has also replenished his already large stock of

CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES,
STRIPED,
FIGURED
AND PLAIN VESTS,
SHIRTS,
CRAVATS
SOCKS,
COLLARS,
HANDKERCHIEFS,
GLOVES,
SUSPENDERS,
AND

FANCY ARTICLES.

He has constantly on hand a large and well selected assortment of

Cloths and Vestings,

which he is prepared to make to order into any kind of clothing, on very short notice, and in the best manner. All his clothing is made to wear and most of it is of home manufacture.

GOLD WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, FINE AND CHEAP.

HIS CASE OF JEWELRY IS NOT SURPASSED IN THIS PLACE.

CALL AND EXAMINE HIS GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

Clothing, Watches, Jewelry, &c.

DAVID LOWENBERG.

July 1, '75-tf.

Take Ayer's Pills for all the purposes of a purgative, for constipation, indigestion, headache, and liver complaint. By universal accord they are the best of all purgatives for family use.

—o—

WHERE TO ADVERTISE.

A. T. Stewart says the best advertising mediums he has ever found "are the old established organs of the two political parties, at the several county seats throughout the Union." "These," he says "reach every family of the least account in their several counties, and are more carefully read than any other class of journals." If Mr. Stewart's judgment is of value, there is no difficulty in deciding which paper it is for the interest of business men to advertise in The COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, upon which this paper is partially founded, was established in 1836, and the COLUMBIAN now enjoys a wider circulation and greater prosperity than it ever did. It goes weekly into two thousand families in Columbia and adjoining counties, and by most of them is read from the first to the last line. It is the only recognised exponent of nearly five thousand Democratic voters in the county. It gives advertisements a tasty display, that makes them attractive to its patrons, thus ensuring greater certainty that they will peruse them. While its circulation is undoubtedly much the largest in the county, the advertising rates of the COLUMBIAN are no higher than those of other papers with barely half and several not one-fourth the number of subscribers. Facts like these speak for themselves. No shrewd business man will neglect to insert his advertisements in the COLUMBIAN tf

HOTEL TO LEASE.

The Hotel in Orangeville, Columbia county, Pa., known as the Jacob Good stand, now occupied by John Snyder, is to be let for the year beginning April 1, 1876. Apply to

S. ENOCH,
Atty-at-law,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

Jan 7, '76-tf.

GRAND OPENING!

ELIAS MENDENHALL

HAVING resumed the business of Merchandising at his Old Store, on

MAIN STREET, BLOOMSBURG,

NEAR THE FORKS HOTEL,

Desires to call the attention of his Friends and the Public generally, o his

NEW, FULL AND VARIED

STOCK OF GOODS,

JUST OPENED,

And solicits a share of public patronage

HIS STOCK CONSISTS OF

DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
QUEENSWARE,
WOODENWARE,
WILLOWWARE,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HARDWARE,
FLOUR AND FEED

In connection with his stock of Merchandise he constantly keeps on hand in his yard,

A FULL STOCK OF

Dressed and Undressed Lumber,

AND SHINGLES OF HIS MANUFACTURE.

Bill Lumber made a speciality.

CALL AND SEE.

Oct. 3, 1873—tf.

BLOOMSBURG

MARBLE WORKS.

T. L. GUNTON, Proprietor,

MAIN STREET, BELOW MARKET.

Manufacturer of and Dealer in all kinds of

MONUMENTAL MARBLE WORKS

We use the best AMERICAN and ITALIAN Marble. He has on hand and furnishes to order

MONUMENTS,
TOMBS,
HEADSTONES,
URNS, VASES, &c.

Every variety of Marble cutting neatly executed at the lowest market prices.

A long practical experience and personal attention to business makes the proprietor confident of giving satisfaction. All orders by mail promptly attended to. P. O. box 297.

N. B.—Work delivered free of charge.

Aug. 21, '74-1y. T. L. GUNTON, Proprietor.

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

N. E. Corner Second and Arch Streets,

PHILADELPHIA,

Dealers in

TEAS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES RICE, SPICES, BICARB SODA, &c., &c.

Orders will receive prompt attention.

g1,7-tf

ROLLINS & HOLMES

No. 17 Centre Street.

Plumbers Gas and Steam Fitters

MANUFACTURERS OF

TINWARE,

GALVANIZED IRON CORNICE,

WINDOW CAPS,

AWNINGS,

Wire Trellises, &c. Dealers in Stoves, Ranges, Furnaces, Baltimore Heaters, Low Down Grates, Mantels, PUMPS, Weather Strips, &c. Also

GAS FIXTURES

of the latest design. Special attention paid to repairing Sewing Machines of every description. Scales, Locks, Bell Hanging, Key Fitting, &c. Private Residences Heated by Steam at a small cost above Hot Air. Feb. 26, '75—tf.

Manhood: HOW Lost, How Restored!

Just published, a new edition of Dr. Culverwell's celebrated Essay on the radical cure (without medicine) of spermatorrhœa or seminal weakness, involuntary seminal losses, impotency, mental and physical incapacity, impediments to marriage, etc; also, consumption, epilepsy and fits, induced by self-incalgence or sexual extravagance, &c.

Price, in a sealed envelope, only six cents.

The celebrated author, in this admirable essay clearly demonstrates, from a thirty years successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, on receipt of six cents or two postage stamps. Address the Publishers,

F. BRUGMAN & SON,
41 Ann St., New York; P. O. Box 4586.

S. M. P. Jan 21-6m.

REGISTERED TRADE-MARK.

AMMONIATED SUPER PHOSPHATE.

Circulars and analysis mailed free on application.

For sale by Dealers generally, and by the Importers and Manufacturers,

JOSIAH J. ALLEN'S SONS,

No. 4, South Delaware Ave., Philadelphia

THIS PAPER IS ON FILE WITH

ROWELL & CHESMAN Advertising Agents,

THIRD & CHESTNUT STS., ST. LOUIS, MO.

LAST NOTICE.

Persons indebted to H. L. Diefenbach for printing or subscription to the COLUMBIAN are hereby notified that his books have for several months past been in the hands of the undersigned for collection, and that settlement of the same must be promptly made.

E. E. ORVIS.

March 17-tf.

NEW GOODS!

A HEAVY STOCK.

Cheaper than Ever!

S. H. MILLER & SON

Have Just Received

the largest and best supply of

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE

DRY GOODS,

They have ever offered to their friends and customers.

Cloths, Cassimeres, and Satinetts

for MEN'S WEAR,

Cloths, Alapacas, Merinos,

for LADIES' WEAR,

CALICOES, MUSLINS, CAMBRICS,

and every variety of Dry Goods desired.

STOCK OF

Carpets, Mats, Ottomans,

CLOSED OUT AT COST

FAMILY GROCERIES,

including all the varieties of

COFFEES, TEAS and SUGARS,

COUNTRY PRODUCE,

and a general supply of articles useful for the table always on hand.

CALL AND SEE.

Country produce of all kinds taken in exchange for goods at cash prices.

Oct. 30, '74—tf

Important

TO

Gardeners

AND

Agriculturists!

"EMPEROR WILLIAM" CABBAGE.

The best, largest and most profitable variety of winter cabbage known in Europe, and imported to this country exclusively by us last spring, where, with the most ordinary cultivation, it flourishes astonishingly, attaining an enormous size and selling in the market at prices most gratifying to the producer. In transplanting, great care should be taken to give sufficient space for growth. Solid heads, the size of the mouth of a flour barrel, is the average run of this choice variety. One package of the seed sent postpaid on receipt of 5 cents. Three packages to one address, $1.00. To agents $5 per dozen and 4 three cent stamps.

With each package of seed we send a sure remedy against the ravages of the cabbage fly or other pest, on young and tender plants.

MAMMOTH GOLIAH INDIAN CORN.

We planted last spring on Long Island, a small quantity (which we obtained with great difficulty of this gigantic and as yet very rare variety of Indian corn. In September, by actual measurement, a large majority of the stalks stood from 12 to 16 feet in height, and still growing, with from 2 to 5 enormous ears of corn growing on almost every stalk.

The yield was at the rate of 200 bushels of ear corn per acre, while the fodder crop was immense and of fine quality.

We could have sold the entire crop for a big price to a New York seedsman, but declined to do so, preferring to keep the crop for the accommodation of our numerous country patrons, who will find it to their interests to secure at least a small selection of this rare variety for the coming spring planting. Live agriculturists, who believe in "PLOUGHING" with a small PLOUGH (cultivators are poor things,) both ways between the rows will be astonished by the result. We will send by mail to any address 1 package in receipt of 5 cents and 2 three cent stamps, or 3 packages on receipt of $1 and 4 three cent stamps.

Our supply is limited. Parties desiring to secure either of the above rare seeds should not delay their orders. All seed sold by us warranted fresh and to germinate. No goods sent C. O. D. Cash must accompany all orders. For either of above address

FELIX CLARE & CO.,
224 East 116th St., N. Y.

Feb 18-6m.

SILVER PLATED WARE.

Electro-Plated Table Ware,

AND

Ornamental Art Work

IN GREAT VARIETY,

MANUFACTURED BY THE

Meriden Britannia Company,

550 Broadway, New York.

The best Plated Spoons and Forks are those Silver Plated heaviest on the parts where necessarily the most wear comes, and bearing the Trade Mark.

1847 ROGERS BROTHERS—XII.

N. B.—This great improvement in Silver-Plated Spoons and Forks is applied alike to each grade of Plate, A 1, 8 and 12 oz., as ordered. The Process and Machinery for manufacturing these goods are Patented. The Extra or "Standard Plate" made by this Company is stamped A 1, simply, and is plated 20 per cent, heavier than the ordinary market standard.

First Premiums awarded at all Fairs where exhibited, from World's Fair of 1852 to American Institute Fair, 1875, inclusive.

March 10, '76.-6m.

Awarded the Highest Medal at Vienna.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,

591, *Broadway, New York.*

(Opp. Metropolitan Hotel.)

MANUFACTURERS, IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

CHROMOS AND FRAMES,

STEREOSCOPES AND VIEWS,

LBUMS, GRAPHOSCOPES & SUITABLE VIEWS.

Photographic Materials.

We are headquarters for everything in the way of

Stereopticons and Magic Lanterns,

Being Manufacturers of the

MICRO-SCIENTIFIC LANTERN,
STEREO-PANOPTICON,
UNIVERSITY STEREOPTICON,
ADVERTISER'S STEREOPTICON,
ARTOPTICON.
SCHOOL LANTERN, FAMILY LANTERN
PEOPLE'S LANTERN,

Each style being the best of its class in the market.

Catalogues of Lanterns and Slides, with directions for using, sent on application.

Any enterprising man can make money with a Magic Lantern.

Cut out this advertisement for reference.

Feb. 18, '76—3m

LOWELL'S Commercial College of Binghamton.

AN ACTUAL BUSINESS INSTITUTION AND TELEGRAPHIC INSTITUTE.

For information call at Office, or send for CIRCULAR. June26-1y

THE "MOODY SHIRT."

MADE TO ORDER ONLY.

A PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED.

Gentlemen desiring Shirts will please drop us a line and our Agent will call and get the measurement.

Factory No. 28 Lackawanna Avenue. Address P. O. MOODY, Scranton, Pa.

March 10, '76-1y

EGGS FOR HATCHING,

BUFF COCHINS ONLY.

From D. W. Herstine's noted prize winning strain, $2.00 for 13.

A. H. SHARPLESS, Catawissa, Pa.

March 17, 1876-3m.*

BLANK NOTES, with or without exemption for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office.

CHEAP

JOB PRINTING

AT THE

COLUMBIAN OFFICE.

The Columbian Printing Establishment is amply supplied with the necessary Presses, Types and other material for executing all kinds of Printing at low rates and in the most expeditious and satisfactory manner.

CALL AT THE

Columbian Building,

COURT HOUSE ALLEY,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

When special material is required it will be promptly obtained.

Books and Pamphlets,
Hand-Bills and Dodgers,
Large and Small Posters,
Letter and Bill Heads,
Envelopes with Business Cards,
Bussiness, Pic Nic, Wedding and Visiting Cards,
Programmes, Bills of Fare, &c.

Will all be supplied and excuted in superior style, at cheap rates and short notice.

The best workmen are employed and the best material will always be furnished.

A liberal share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.

BLOOMSBURG, JUNE 18.1875.

RAIL ROAD TIME TABLES

PHILADELPHIA AND READING ROAD

ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS.

MAY 30, 1875.

TRAINS LEAVE RUPERT AS FOLLOWS (SUNDAY EXCEPTED

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading, Pottsville Tamaqua, &c., 11,33 a. m
For Catawissa, 11,33 a. m. and 7,36 p. m.
For Williamsport, 6,08 a. m. and 4,06 p. m.

TRAINS FOR RUPERT LEAVE AS FOLLOWS, (SUNDAY EXCEPTED.)

Leave New York, 9,00 a. m.
Leave Philadelphia, 9,15 a. m.
Leave Reading, 11,30 a. m., Pottsville, 12,10 p. m and Tamaqua, 1,36 p. m.
Leave Catawissa, 6,20 a. m. and 4,00 p. m.
Leave Williamsport, 9,20 a. m. and 5,00 p. m.
Passengers to and from New York and Philadelphia go through without change of cars.

J. E. WOOTTEN, General Superintendent.

Jan. 14, 1876—tf.

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

On and after November 26th, 1873, trains will leave SUNBURY as follows:

NORTHWARD.

Erie Mail	5.30 a. m., arrive Elmira	11.55 a. m
"	" Canandaigua	5.55 p. m
"	" Rochester	8.15 "
"	" Niagara	9.40 "
Renovo accommodation	11.10 a. m. arrive Williamsport	12.55 p. m.
Elmira Mail	11.15 a. m., arrive Harrisburg	1.50 p. m
"	" Washington	10.30 "
"	" Baltimore	6.30 "
"	" Washington	8.30 "
Harrisburg accommodation	8.40 p. m. arrive Harrisburg	10.50 p. m.
	arrive Baltimore	2.25 a. m
	" Washington	6.13 "
Erie Mail	12.55 a. m. arrive Harrisburg	3.05 a. m.
	" Baltimore	8.40 "
	" Washington	10.25 "

All daily except Sunday.

D. M. BOYD, Jr., General Passenger Agent
A. J. CASSATT, General Manager

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division.

WINTER TIME TABLE.

ON and after SUNDAY, NOV. 21, 1875, the trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Rail Road Division will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

PAST LINE	leaves	New York	9 25	a. m
"	"	Philadelphia	12.55	p. m
"	"	Baltimore	1.30	p. m
"	"	Harrisburg	5.00	p. m
"	arr. at	Williamsport	8.35	p. m
"	"	Lock Haven	10.50	p. m
"	"	Bellefonte	11 50	p. m
ERIE MAIL	leaves	New York		m
"	"	Philadelphia		m
"	"	Baltimore	8.00	p. m
"	"	Harrisburg	4.35	a. m
"	"	Williamsport	8.35	a. m
"	"	Lock Haven	9.45	a. m
"	"	Renovo	11.05	a. m
"	arr. at	Erie	7. 0	p. m
LIMITED MAIL	leaves	Philadelphia	7.30	a. m
"	"	Baltimore	7.50	a. m
"	"	Harrisburg	10.45	a. m
"	arr. at	Williamsport	2.40	p. m
"	"	Lock Haven	3.50	p. m
"	"	Renovo	4.15	p. m
LOCK HAVEN	leaves	Philadelphia	8.00	a. m
"	"	Baltimore	8.25	a. m
"	"	Harrisburg	1.25	p. m
"	arr. at	William